# **BARREN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION**

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION, AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

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Independent Auditor's Report

Members of the Board of Education Barren County Board of Education Glasgow, Kentucky 42141

#### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Barren County Board of Education as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Barren County Board of Education's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Barren County Board of Education, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits in the *Kentucky Public School Districts' Audit Contract and Requirements*. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Barren County Board of Education and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Barren County Board of Education's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
  due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks.
   Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and
  disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
  expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Barren County Board of Education's
  internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Barren County Board of Education's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information and pension and opeb information on pages 4-10 and 55-64 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context.

We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Barren County Board of Education's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 6, 2024, on our consideration of the Barren County Board of Education's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Barren County Board of Education internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Barren County Board of Education's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Campbell, Myers & Ratledge, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Glasgow, Kentucky November 6, 2024

As management of the Barren County School District (District), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information found within the body of the audit.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The beginning cash balance for the District was \$8,237,698 and ending cash was \$11,670,014 in the General Fund.
- State revenue for the Capital Outlay Fund decreased by \$9,713 from 22/23 funds; a 3% decrease. \$453,621 of these funds were used to pay for Energy Bonds and Debt Service.
- State revenue for the Building Fund increased by \$580,662 from 22/23 funds; a 8% increase. The Building Fund state equalization revenue decreased by \$347,371 from 22/23 funds. The local tax revenue increased by 6% Residual Construction Funds of \$403,375 and a carryover balance of \$866,720 was also included in the Building Fund Revenue total of \$8,192,870. The bulk of the funds went to pay for debt service payments from fund 400 (\$5,611,345), the remaining funds paid for General Fund facility repairs (\$137,820), and to pay for High School Renovation project 23-126 \$866,720. \$403,375 was transferred to the Bus Access Road Construction Project. \$378,987 went to pay for General Fund Bus Kista Debt, \$93,177 went to pay for Energy Debt in Debt Service.
- There were two inter-fund transfers from the General Fund to the KETS grant for the technology offer of assistance totaling \$91,775.
- There was an interfund transfer from the General Fund to the Cops Grant of \$166,600 for security technology assistance. There was also an interfund transfer of \$290,894.70 from the General Fund to Construction Fund BG-1 23-126 High School Renovation that will be transferred back to the General Fund pending the bond sale on the project. There was also interfund transfer from the General Fund to the District Activity Fund of \$153,843 for the BC Skills program balance.
- The General Fund Beginning Balance was \$9,494,216. This is an increase of \$2,351,743.
- The General Fund had \$60,927,303 in revenue in total. The General Fund Ending Balance is \$11,240,764. This is an increase of \$1,542,137 from the prior year's ending balance. The General Fund Local Revenue was \$14,357,501. This is an increase of \$978,266 from the prior year. The General Fund State Revenue was \$35,021,242. which includes On-Behalf payments of \$13,615,964 and SEEK Funds \$21,363,278.
- Other notable items for General Fund Revenue are the Interest earned increased by \$1,418,804, an increase of \$810,900 from the prior year.
- The General Fund State Revenue has decreased by \$2,429,620 which an be attributed to the On Behalf entry decreased by \$2,401,438 and SEEK funding decreased by \$28,182.

- Interfund Transfers to the General Fund total \$1,749,208, an increase of \$393,206 from the prior year. The bulk of the increase can be attributed to the ARP ESSER indirect of \$365,998 and a transfer from the Building Fund and Capital Outlay Funds for facility repairs of \$707,606
- The overall General Fund revenue increased by \$800,612.

General Fund expenditures were \$49,236,626 a decrease of \$1,188,438 from the prior year. The bulk of the reduction can be attributed to the sate required on behalf entries which were reduced by over \$2,390,000. If the state required On-behalf entries are not considered, spending on instruction increased by \$666,775, maintenance cost increased by \$280,377.

#### **OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

**Government-wide Financial Statements:** The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the district is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, student transportation and operation of non-instructional services. Taxes and intergovernmental revenues also support fixed assets and related debt.

**Fund Financial Statements:** A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. This is a state mandated uniform system and chart of accounts for all Kentucky public school districts utilizing the MUNIS administrative software. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental and proprietary funds. The proprietary funds are food service operations (Fund 51), and adult community education program (Fund 54).

**Notes to the financial statements:** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets exceeded liabilities by \$24,820,656 as of June 30, 2024. Included in this amount are liabilities netted with deferred inflows and outflows totaling \$32,046,236 attributable to the net pension and OPEB.

The largest portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land and improvements, buildings and improvements, vehicles, furniture and equipment and construction in progress); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to its students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The District's financial position is the product of several financial transactions including the net results of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets, and the depreciation of capital assets. Current year financial position increased as a result of increased revenues and continued management of expenditures.

# Net Position for the period ending June 30, 2024 in comparison to June 30, 2023

	<u>June 30, 2024</u>	June 30, 2023
Current assets	\$ 41,922,220	\$ 25,379,938
Noncurrent assets	111,548,405	104,373,541
Total assets	153,470,625	129,753,479
Deferred outflows of resources	10,474,224	13,595,049
Current liabilities	10,069,448	8,635,576
Noncurrent liabilities	110,591,413	100,896,467
Total liabilities	120,660,861	109,532,043
Deferred inflows of resources	11,958,863	8,995,829
Net position:		
Investment in capital assets (net of debt)	22,301,305	36,420,933
Restricted	19,311,638	5,922,703
Unrestricted	(10,287,818)	(17,522,980)
Total net position	\$ 31,325,125	\$ 24,820,656

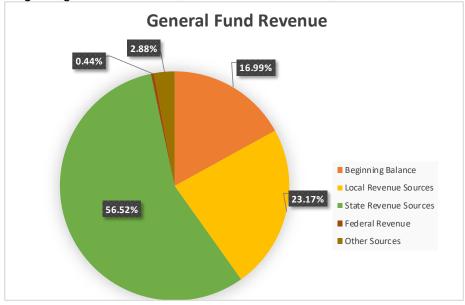
# Change in Net Position, Governmental Funds, for the period ending June 30, 2024 in comparison to June 30, 2023

	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023
Revenues:		
Local revenue sources	\$ 15,934,334	\$ 15,583,619
State and federal revenue sources	57,502,682	59,968,516
Other sources	2,064,869	1,613,640
Total revenues	75,501,885	77,165,775
Expenses:		
Instruction	40,001,958	44,141,750
Student support services	1,627,234	1,978,052
Instructional support	1,821,295	2,059,386
District administration	2,091,278	2,234,319
School administration	3,277,616	3,854,918
Business support	1,507,640	1,561,944
Plant operations	5,439,631	4,043,694
Student transportation	3,662,744	3,531,337
Community service act	439,262	664,640
Bond issuance costs	569,133	18,173
Interest on long-term debt	2,751,834	1,994,049
Depreciation	4,886,090	5,086,870
Total expenses	68,075,715	71,169,132
Change in net position	\$ 7,426,170	\$ 5,996,643

The largest change in June 30, 2024 as compared to June 30, 2023 was in the area of state and federal revenue sources. The District had a decrease in on be half payments in the amounts of over 2 million in revenue and expenses. Expenses in the current year decreased approximately 4% from the prior year. Included in this decrease was the aforementioned on be half payments as well as a overall decrease in the pension expense from the prior year of approximately \$6 million. This District issued additional construction bonds for the Barren County High School Renovation. The associated bond issuance costs were \$500,000 over the prior year.

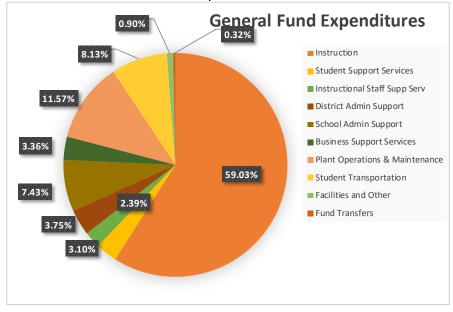
#### **General Fund Revenue Chart 1**

The majority of revenue was derived from state sources 56.52% with local funding making up 23.17% of total revenue, beginning balance 16.99%, federal revenue .44%, and other sources 2.88%.



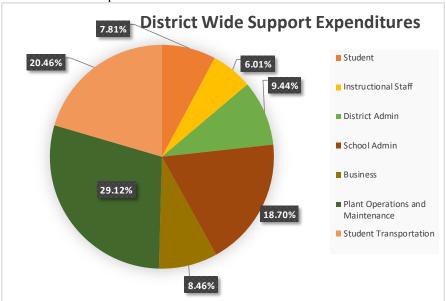
#### **General Fund Expenditures Chart 2**

Instruction contained the primary component of the general fund expenditures, 59.03%. The remaining 40.97% was expended for instructional staff support services, district administrative support, business support services, plant operation and maintenance, student transportation, food service, site acquisitions, and other. A breakdown of these expenditures is found in Chart 2.



#### **District Wide Support Services Chart 3**

District Wide support services expenditures were Instructional Staff Support, Administrative Support, Business Support, Plant Operation and Maintenance, Student Transportation and Central Office Support. A breakdown of these expenditures is found in Chart 3.



Long-term debt payments in the amount of \$4,235,000 were expended during 2024 for the following bond issues:

Bond series 2011 QZAB (BCHS Renovation/Band)

Bond series 2012 (Refinance Middle School/Vocational School/Eastern 2004 Series)

Bond series 2014 (BCHS Media Center Renovation)

Bond series 2015 (Refinance Trojan Academy 2006 Series)

Bond series 2015 (Red Cross Expansion)

Bond series 2016 (Refinance 2008B North Jackson Elementary)

Bond series 2016 (Refinance 2008 Energy Management)

Bond series 2016 (Refinance 2008A NJE Site Work)

Bond series 2017 (Career and Technical Education Center)

Bond series 2020 (Refunding 2010C)

Bond series 2020 (Refunding 2011)

Bond Series 2020 (Energy Conservation)

Bond Series 2021 (Central Office)

Bond Series 2021 (Taxable)

Bond Series 2022 (Soccer Field)

Bond Series 2023 (High School Renovation)

Interest and principal payments for bonds and leases in the amount of \$5,709,262 were transferred to Debt Service from the Building Fund and Capital Outlay. Additional interest and principal payments in the amount of \$453,621 were transferred from the Capital Outlay Fund.

#### **BUDGETARY IMPLICATIONS**

In Kentucky, the public schools fiscal year is July 1 to June 30: other programs, i.e. some federal programs operate on a different fiscal calendar, but are reflected in the District overall budget. By law, the budget must have a minimum 2% contingency. The Barren County Board of Education adopted a budget with an unassigned contingency of 14.28% and 17% for 22/23 and 23/24 respectively. Significant Board action that impacted financial status for the 23/24 school year included adoption of the tax rate. The tax rate adopted was the same rate as the prior year but generated higher revenue because of property assessment gains. It is important to note that SEEK funding reduces a portion of these gains with the "equalization" factor used in SEEK funding.

Like most years, the Board is expected to see continued yearly inflationary costs and increased budgeted expense for a number of items. The Board is attempting to be proactive in planning for any changes that might arise with a change in retirement system and contribution rates and potential reduction in state funding. The Board has also taken a proactive approach in outsourcing items when available. Even facing these adverse financial challenges, we continue to address our changing student population and actively evaluate new grant opportunities to further meet our students' needs and to ultimately reach higher and achieve more.

Questions regarding this report should be directed to the Superintendent Amy Irwin. (270-651-3787) or to Joe Murley, CPA, Director of Financial Services (270-651-3787) or by mail at 600 Trojan Way, Glasgow, KY 42141

# **BARREN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION** STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2024

	Governmental	Business Type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
Assets:			
Current Assets:			•
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 31,599,458	\$ 5,609,681	\$ 37,209,139
Investments	1,363,294	-	1,363,294
Inventory	-	182,542	182,542
Accounts receivable			
Taxes - current	307,944	-	307,944
Accounts receivable	198,424	851,498	1,049,922
Intergovernmental - indirect federal	1,809,379		1,809,379
Total current assets	35,278,499	6,643,721	41,922,220
Noncurrent Assets:			
Nondepreciated capital assets	14,452,612	-	14,452,612
Capital assets	151,792,609	9,305,193	161,097,802
Less: accumulated depreciation	(58,942,892)	(5,682,860)	(64,625,752)
Right of use asset, net	254,296	-	254,296
OPEB asset, net	269,872	99,575	369,447
Total noncurrent assets	107,826,497	3,721,908	111,548,405
Total assets	143,104,996	10,365,629	153,470,625
Deferred Outflows of Resources:			
Deferred savings from revenue bonds, net	401,690	_	401,690
		4 000 004	
Deferred outflows relating to net pension and OPEB liability	8,241,673	1,830,861	10,072,534
Total deferred outflows of resources	8,643,363	1,830,861	10,474,224
Liabilities:			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	2,222,618	111,291	2,333,909
Unearned revenue	1,020,882	-	1,020,882
Bond obligations	4,543,687	-	4,543,687
Financing lease obligations	315,375	-	315,375
Right of use liability	94,142	-	94,142
Accrued sick leave	1,058,937	-	1,058,937
Accrued interest	702,516		702,516
Total current liabilities	9,958,157	111,291	10,069,448
Noncurrent Liabilities:			
Bond obligations	82,075,935	-	82,075,935
Financing lease obligations	1,387,534	-	1,387,534
Right of use liability	160,154	-	160,154
Accrued sick leave	1,620,470	-	1,620,470
OPEB liability, net	8,177,000	-	8,177,000
Pension liability, net	12,542,511	4,627,809	17,170,320
Total noncurrent liabilities	105,963,604	4,627,809	110,591,413
Total liabilities	115,921,761	4,739,100	120,660,861
Deferred Inflows of Resources:			
Deferred inflows relating to net pension and OPEB liability	9,630,737	2,328,126	11,958,863
Total deferred inflows of resources			
	9,630,737	2,328,126	11,958,863
Net Position:	40.070.070	0 000 000	00 004 005
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	18,678,972	3,622,333	22,301,305
Restricted for:	45 444 000		45 444 000
Capital projects	15,114,303	-	15,114,303
Other	424,004	-	424,004
Purchase obligations	2,410,037	-	2,410,037
Debt service	1,363,294	4 500 001	1,363,294
Unrestricted	(11,794,749)	1,506,931	(10,287,818)
Total net position	\$ 26,195,861	\$ 5,129,264	\$ 31,325,125

# BARREN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Net (Expense) Revenue and

		Program Revenues				Changes in Net Position					
			Charges	Operating		Capital	Ona	ition			
			for	Grants and		ants and	Governmental	Business - Type			
	Expenses		Services	Contributions		tributions	Activities	Activities	Total		
Functions / Programs			-				7.0	7.0			
Governmental Activities:											
Instruction	\$ 40,001,958	\$	-	\$ 26,915,549	\$	-	\$ (13,086,409)	\$ -	\$ (13,086,409)		
Support services							,		,		
Student	1,627,234		-	516,499		-	(1,110,735)	-	(1,110,735)		
Instructional staff	1,821,295		-	362,567		-	(1,458,728)	-	(1,458,728)		
District administrative	2,091,278		-	326,020		-	(1,765,258)	-	(1,765,258)		
School administrative	3,277,616		-	1,150,430		-	(2,127,186)	-	(2,127,186)		
Business	1,507,640		-	453,238		-	(1,054,402)	-	(1,054,402)		
Plant operations and maintenance	5,439,631		-	417,252		-	(5,022,379)	-	(5,022,379)		
Student transportation	3,662,744		-	485,815		-	(3,176,929)	-	(3,176,929)		
Community service activities	439,262		-	12,549		-	(426,713)	-	(426,713)		
Bond issuance costs and bond discount	569,133		-	-		-	(569,133)	-	(569,133)		
Principal on long-term debt	-		-	-		41,902	41,902	-	41,902		
Interest and other charges on long-term debt	2,751,834		-	-		527,815	(2,224,019)	-	(2,224,019)		
Depreciation (unallocated)	4,886,090	_				<u>-</u>	(4,886,090)		(4,886,090)		
Total governmental activities	68,075,715		-	30,639,919		569,717	(36,866,079)	-	(36,866,079)		
Business-Type Activities:				·							
Food Service	9,331,160		239,947	7,540,435		233,864	_	(1,316,914)	(1,316,914)		
Adult Education	1,967		11,087	-		-	_	9,120	9,120		
Total business-type activities	9,333,127		251,034	7,540,435		233,864		(1,307,794)	(1,307,794)		
Total primary government	\$ 77,408,842	\$	251,034	\$ 38,180,354	\$	803,581	\$ (36,866,079)	\$ (1,307,794)	\$ (38,173,873)		
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	<del>* , , , , </del>		,	+,	Gener	al Revenues:	+ (,,,	+ ( ) )	<del>+ (,,</del> )		
					Taxes						
						perty taxes	\$ 12,372,287	\$ -	\$ 12,372,287		
						or vehicle taxes	1,610,961	-	1,610,961		
					Utilit		1,951,086	_	1,951,086		
						tment earnings	1,457,467	681,944	2,139,411		
						and formula grants	26,293,046	-	26,293,046		
						ellaneous	311,551	_	311,551		
					To	tal general revenues	43,996,398	681,944	44,678,342		
					Trans	•	295,851	(295,851)	- 11,070,012		
						tal General Revenues	44,292,249	386,093	44,678,342		
						and Transfers	11,202,279		11,070,072		
						ange in net position	7,426,170	(921,701)	6,504,469		
				Net position		•	18,769,691	6,050,965	24,820,656		
				Net position	•	•	\$ 26,195,861	\$ 5,129,264	\$ 31,325,125		
				Mer hosimon	- GHUIH	9	ψ 20,135,001	$\psi$ 3,123,204	ψ 31,323,123		

# BARREN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2024

	General Special Fund Revenue		Construction Fund	Debt Service Fund	Other Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets and resources:	- T drid	TOVOTIGO	- I dila	- T dild	- T drido	1 41145
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 11,670,014	\$ -	\$ 17,097,968	\$ -	\$ 2,831,476	\$ 31,599,458
Investments	Ψ 11,070,014	Ψ -	Ψ 17,097,900	1,363,294	Ψ 2,031,470	1,363,294
Interfund receivables	750,940	_	_	1,000,204	-	750,940
Accounts receivable:	7.00,010					7 00,0 10
Taxes-current	307,944	_	_	_	_	307,944
Other	195,011	-	_	-	3,413	198,424
Intergovernmental - indirect federal	-	1,809,379	-	-	-	1,809,379
Total assets and resources	\$ 12,923,909	\$ 1,809,379	\$ 17,097,968	\$ 1,363,294	\$ 2,834,889	\$ 36,029,439
Liabilities and fund balance:	+ ,,	<del>+</del> ,,-	<del>*</del>	<del>-</del> ,,-	+ ,,	<del>+</del>
Liabilities:						
Interfund payables	\$ -	\$ 750,940	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 750,940
Accounts payable	200,548	37,557	1,983,665	-	848	2,222,618
Unearned revenue	-	1,020,882	-	-	-	1,020,882
Total liabilities	200,548	1,809,379	1,983,665		848	3,994,440
Fund balances:						
Restricted						
Capital Projects	-	-	15,114,303	-	-	15,114,303
Other	-	-	-	-	424,004	424,004
Purchase Obligations	-	-	-	-	2,410,037	2,410,037
Debt Service	-	-	-	1,363,294	-	1,363,294
Committed						
Future construction and Repairs	400,000	-	-	-	-	400,000
Assigned						
Sick Leave Payable	1,082,597	-	-	-	-	1,082,597
Unassigned	11,240,764					11,240,764
Total fund balances	12,723,361		15,114,303	1,363,294	2,834,041	32,034,999
Total liabilities and						
fund balances	\$ 12,923,909	\$ 1,809,379	\$ 17,097,968	\$ 1,363,294	\$ 2,834,889	\$ 36,029,439

# BARREN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2024

Julie 30, 2024	
Total fund balance per fund financial statements	\$ 32,034,999
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets are not reported in this fund financial statement because they are not current financial resources, but they are reported in the statement of net position.	107,302,329
Deferred savings from refunding bonds are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet. The value of the net deferred outflow is \$401,690 and the current year accumulated amortization is \$1,515,151.	401,690
Net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are not due and payable in the current period and therefore not recorded in the fund financial statements.	(20,449,639)
Deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and not reported in the fund financial statements.	(9,630,737)
Deferred outflows of resources are not current resources and not reported in the fund financial statements.	8,241,673
Certain liabilities, including bonds payable, are not reported in this fund financial statement because they are not due and payable in the current period, but they are presented in the statement of net position. Long-term liabilities at year end consist of:	
Bonds Payable Accrued Interest	(86,619,622) (702,516)

Financing Leases

Compensated Absences

Net position for governmental activities

(1,702,909)

(2,679,407)

\$ 26,195,861

# BARREN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	General Fund		 Special Revenue	(	Construction Fund	[	Debt Service Fund		Other Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total overnmental Funds
Revenues:											
From local sources:											
Taxes:											
Property	\$	9,069,287	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,303,000	\$	12,372,287
Motor vehicles		1,610,961	-		-		-		-		1,610,961
Utilities		1,951,086	-		-		-		-		1,951,086
Earnings on investments		1,418,804	-		-		38,663		-		1,457,467
Other local revenues		307,363	51,005		-		-		2,468,160		2,826,528
Intergovernmental-state		35,021,242	3,582,998		-		479,360		4,617,855		43,701,455
Intergovernmental-indirect federal		-	11,035,422		-		90,357		-		11,125,779
Intergovernmental-direct federal		269,913	 <u> </u>		<u> </u>				<u>-</u>		269,913
Total revenues		49,648,656	 14,669,425		<u> </u>		608,380		10,389,015		75,315,476
Expenditures:											
Instruction		29,064,978	12,339,512		-		-		2,727,462		44,131,952
Support services:											
Student		1,528,081	291,948		-		-		=		1,820,029
Instructional staff		1,176,728	853,476		-		-		-		2,030,204
District administration		1,847,881	350,025		-		-		=		2,197,906
School administration		3,658,546	-		-		-		-		3,658,546
Business		1,656,164	=		-		-		764		1,656,928
Plant operations and maintenance		5,699,060	29,697		-		-		=		5,728,757
Student transportation		4,002,988	=		-		-		=		4,002,988
Facilities and construction		17,500	998		11,288,824		-		=		11,307,322
Community service activities		54,884	440,687		-		-		=		495,571
Debt service		372,367	 =		=		6,632,794		<u>-</u>		7,005,161
Total expenditures		49,079,177	 14,306,343		11,288,824		6,632,794		2,728,226		84,035,364
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures		569,479	 363,082		(11,288,824)		(6,024,414)		7,660,789		(8,719,888)
Other financing sources (uses):											
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets		35,224	-		-		-		-		35,224
Proceeds from the sale of bonds		-	-		-		24,080,000		-		24,080,000
Bond premium		-	-		-		463,342		-		463,342
Bond issuance costs		-	-		-		(569,133)		-		(569,133)
Proprietary fund transfers		295,851	-		-		-		-		295,851
Operating transfers in		1,453,357	91,775		25,751,646		6,162,883		464,491		33,924,152
Operating transfers out		(157,450)	 (454,857)		(694,270)		(23,971,084)		(8,646,491)		(33,924,152)
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,626,982	 (363,082)		25,057,376		6,166,008		(8,182,000)		24,305,284
Net Change in Fund Balances		2,196,461	-		13,768,552		141,594		(521,211)		15,585,396
Fund balance, July 1, 2023		10,526,900	<u> </u>		1,345,751		1,221,700		3,355,252		16,449,603
Fund balance, June 30, 2024	\$	12,723,361	\$ 	\$	15,114,303	\$	1,363,294	\$	2,834,041	\$	32,034,999

# BARREN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Net changes in total fund balances per fund financial statements	\$ 15,585,396
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in this fund financial statement because they use current financial resources, but they are presented as assets in the government wide statements and are depreciated over their estimated economic lives. The difference is the amount by which capital outlays exceed depreciation expense for the year.	6,022,779
Gains and losses arising from asset basis are not presented in governmental funds because they do not provide or use current financial resources; however, they are presented on the District-wide Statement of Activities. The difference between cost and accumulated depreciated for the assets sold or disposed net to this amount for the fiscal year.	(51,876)
The difference between actuarial pension and OPEB contributions and actual contributions made are recorded as adjustments in the statement of activities	5,969,559
The proceeds of the issuance of bonds, including premium, provide current financial resources and are reported in this fund financial statement but they are presented as liablities in the statement of net position.	(24,543,342)
Bond and financing lease payments are recognized as expenditures of current financial resources in the fund financial statement but are reductions of liabilities in the statement of net position.	4,566,158
Generally, expenditures recognized in this fund financial statement are limited to only those that use current financial resources, but expenses are recognized in the statement of activities when they are incurred.	(122,504)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 7,426,170

# BARREN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2024

	Fo	ood Service	ommunity t Education	
		Fund	 Fund	 Total
Assets				
Current Assets Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$	5,588,971 844,528	\$ 20,710 6,970	\$ 5,609,681 851,498
Inventory		182,542	 _	 182,542
Total current assets		6,616,041	 27,680	 6,643,721
Noncurrent Assets				
Capital assets		9,305,193	-	9,305,193
Less: accumulated depreciation		(5,682,860)	-	(5,682,860)
Net OPEB asset		99,575		 99,575
Total noncurrent assets		3,721,908	 <u>-</u>	 3,721,908
Total assets		10,337,949	27,680	10,365,629
<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u> Deferred amounts related to net pension & OPEB liability		1,830,861	 <u>-</u>	 1,830,861
Liabilities				
Current Liabilities				
Accounts payable		111,291	 	 111,291
Total current liabilities		111,291	 	 111,291
Noncurrent Liabilities  Net pension liability		4,627,809	 <u>-</u>	 4,627,809
Total noncurrent liabilities		4,627,809	 	 4,627,809
Total liabilities		4,739,100	 <u>-</u>	 4,739,100
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Deferred amounts related to net pension & OPEB liability		2,328,126	 <u>-</u>	 2,328,126
Net Position Invested in capital assets				
net of related debt		3,622,333	-	3,622,333
Unrestricted		1,479,251	 27,680	 1,506,931
Total net position	\$	5,101,584	\$ 27,680	\$ 5,129,264

# BARREN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Community			
	Food Service	Adult Education		
	Fund Fund		Total	
Operating Revenues:				
Community service activities	\$ -	\$ 11,087	\$ 11,087	
Lunchroom sales	132,191	-	132,191	
Other operating revenue	107,756		107,756	
Total operating revenues	239,947	11,087	251,034	
Operating Expenses:				
Salaries, wages and benefits	4,595,163	-	4,595,163	
Professional and contract services	197,606	1,967	199,573	
Material and supplies	4,379,062	-	4,379,062	
Depreciation	159,329		159,329	
Total operating expenses	9,331,160	1,967	9,333,127	
Operating income (loss)	(9,091,213)	9,120	(9,082,093)	
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)				
Federal grants	6,876,196	-	6,876,196	
Donated commodities	233,864	-	233,864	
State grants & funding	664,239	-	664,239	
Fund transfer out	(295,851)	-	(295,851)	
Interest income	681,944		681,944	
Total non-operating revenues	8,160,392		8,160,392	
Net income (loss)	(930,821)	9,120	(921,701)	
Net position, July 1, 2023	6,032,405	18,560	6,050,965	
Net position, June 30, 2024	\$ 5,101,584	\$ 27,680	\$ 5,129,264	

# BARREN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

# For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Food Service Adult E		nmunity Education Fund		Total	
Cash Flows From Operating Activities						
Cash received from:	_		_		_	
Community service activities	\$	-	\$	4,117	\$	4,117
Lunchroom sales		18,067		-		18,067
Cash paid to/for		(2.400.000)				(2.400.000)
Employees Supplies		(3,160,699)		- (1,967)		(3,160,699)
Supplies Other activities		(4,168,931) (197,606)		(1,967)		(4,170,898) (197,606)
Net cash provided (used)		(197,000)			-	(197,000)
by Operating Activities		(7,509,169)		2,150		(7,507,019)
, , ,		(7,509,109)		2,150		(7,507,019)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities						
Fund transfer		(295,851)		_		(295,851)
Government grants		6,893,496		_		6,893,496
Net cash provided (used)		0,000,400			-	0,000,400
by Noncapital Financing Activities		6,597,645		_		6,597,645
Cash Flows from Capital and Related		0,001,010				0,00.,0.0
Financing Activities:						
Acquisition of capital assets		(16,059)		-		(16,059)
Net cash provided (used)				<u></u>		
by Capital and Related Financing Activities		(16,059)				(16,059)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:						
Receipt of interest income		681,944				681,944
Net cash provided (used)						
by Investing Activities		681,944				681,944
Net increase (decrease) in cash						
and cash equivalents		(245,639)		2,150		(243,489)
Cash Balances, beginning of year		5,834,610		18,560		5,853,170
Cash Balances, end of year	\$	5,588,971	\$	20,710	\$	5,609,681
	<u>*</u>	0,000,01	Ψ	20,1.10	<u>*</u>	3,000,00.
Reconciliation of operating income						
(loss) to net cash provided (used)						
by operating activities						
Operating income (loss)	\$	(9,091,213)	\$	9,120	\$	(9,082,093)
Adjustments to reconcile operating						
income (loss) to net cash provided						
(used) by operating activities						
On-behalf payments received		646,939		-		646,939
Commodities used		233,864		-		233,864
Depreciation		159,329		-		159,329
Change in assets and liabilities						
Inventory		(75,656)		-		(75,656)
Accounts receivable		(221,880)		(6,970)		(228,850)
Net pension liability		939,353		-		939,353
Deferred outflow		(383,811)		-		(383,811)
Net OPEB liability		(1,106,346)		-		(1,106,346)
Deferred inflow		1,338,329		-		1,338,329
Accounts payable		51,923		<u> </u>		51,923
Net cash provided (used)						
by operating activities	\$	(7,509,169)	\$	2,150	\$	(7,507,019)
Schedule of non-cash transactions						
On-behalf payments	\$	646,939				
Donated commodities received						
from federal government	\$	233,864				

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

#### Reporting Entity

The Barren County Board of Education, ("Board"), a five member group, is the level of government which has oversight responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary school education within the jurisdiction of the Barren County Board of Education ("District"). The District receives funding from Local, State and Federal government sources and must comply with the commitment requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in Section 2100, Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards. Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to develop policies which may influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

The District, for financial purposes, includes all of the funds and account groups relevant to the operations of the Barren County Board of Education. The financial statements presented herein do not include funds of groups and organizations, which although associated with the school system, have not originated within the Board itself such as Band Boosters, Parent-Teacher Associations, etc. The District is not involved in budgeting or managing these organizations, is not responsible for any debt of the organizations, and has no influence over the operations of these organizations.

The financial statements of the District include those of separately administered organizations that are controlled by or dependent on the Board. Control or dependence is determined on the basis of budget adoption, funding and appointment of the respective governing board.

Based on the forgoing criteria, the financial statements of the following organization are included in the accompanying financial statements:

<u>Barren County Board of Education Finance Corporation</u> – On July 23, 1991, the Board of Education resolved to authorize the establishment of the Barren County Board of Education Finance Corporation (a non-profit, non-stock, public and charitable corporation organized under the School Bond Act and KRS 273 and KRS Section 58.190) (the "Corporation") as an agency for District for financing the costs of school building facilities. The members of the Board also comprise the Corporation's Board of Directors.

#### Basis of Presentation

District-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the District. The statements distinguish between those activities of the District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The District-wide Statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the District-wide Statements and the statements for governmental funds.

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued:

#### Basis of Presentation, Continued

The District-wide Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. District expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or government function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District. The District allocates certain indirect costs to be included in the program expenses reported for individual functions and activities in the District-wide Statement of Activities.

In the District-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic assets are used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

Fund Financial Statements – Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a Balance Sheet, which generally includes only current assets and current liabilities, and a Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances, which reports on the changes in net position. Proprietary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The Statement of Cash Flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities. The District has the following funds:

#### I. Governmental Fund Types

- a. The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the District and is always classified as a major fund. It accounts for financial resources used for general types of operations. This is a budgeted fund, and any unrestricted fund balances are considered resources available for use.
- The Special Revenue Fund accounts for proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to disbursements for specified purposes.

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued:

#### Basis of Presentation, Continued

- I. Government Fund Types, Concluded
  - 1. The Special Revenue (Grant) Fund includes federal financial programs where unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of the specified project periods as well as the state grant programs. Project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of funds. The separate projects of federally-funded grant programs are identified in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards included in this report. The Kentucky Department of Education has deemed this fund to always be classified as a major fund.
  - 2. The Special Revenue District Activity Fund includes funds restricted to expenditures for purposes specified by the Kentucky Department of Education requirements. Project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of funds.
  - 3. The Special Revenue Student Activity Fund includes funds restricted to expenditures for activities of student groups and other types of activities requiring clearing accounts. These funds are accounted for in accordance with the Kentucky Department of Education Uniform Program of Accounting for School Activity Funds.
  - 4. The Student Fund includes funds includes funds restricted to expenditures for purposes specified by the Kentucky Department of Education requirements. These are funds are generated externally by the District.
  - c. Capital Project Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and equipment (other than those financed by Proprietary Funds).
    - 1. The Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Capital Outlay Fund receives those funds designated by the state as Capital Outlay Funds and is restricted for use in financing projects identified in the District's facility plan.
    - 2. The Facility Support Program of Kentucky (FSPK), Building Fund, accounts for funds generated by the building tax levy required to participate in the School Facilities Construction Commission's construction funding and state matching funds, where applicable. Funds may be used for projects identified in the District's facility plan.
    - 3. The Construction Fund accounts for proceeds from sales of bonds and other revenues to be used for authorized construction. This is a major fund of the District.
  - d. The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest and related cost; and for the payment of interest on general obligation notes payable, as required by Kentucky Law. This fund is a major program of the District.

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued:

#### Basis of Presentation, Concluded

- II. Proprietary Fund Types (Enterprise Fund)
  - a. The Food Service Fund is used to account for school food service activities, including the National School Lunch Program, which is conducted in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA). Amounts have been recorded for in-kind contributions of commodities from the USDA.
  - b. The Community Adult Education is used to account for various programs for adult services.

#### District-Wide Financial Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt Consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes or other borrowings that are attributed to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted Net Position Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by 1)
  external groups such as creditors, grantors or laws or regulations, or 2) law through constitutional
  provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted Net Position All other net positions that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt".

#### Fund Financial Statements

Under GASB 54, fund balance is separated into five categories, as follows:

- Nonspendable Permanently nonspendable by decree of the donor, such as endowment, or items which may not be used for another purpose, such as amounts used to prepay future expenses or already purchased inventory on hand.
- Restricted Legally restricted under federal or state law, bond authority, or grantor contract.
- Committed Commitments passed by the Board.
- Assigned Funds assigned to management priority including issued encumbrances.
- Unassigned Funds available for future operations.

It is the District's practice to liquidate funds when conditions have been met releasing these funds from legal, contractual, Board or managerial obligations, using restricted funds first, followed by committed funds, assigned funds, then unassigned funds.

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued:

#### Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues – Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions – Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenues are recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of the fiscal year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the first year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Deferred Revenue – Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

In order to present the Special Revenue Fund on the accrual basis of accounting, and because the awards are not yet available as assets, cash awards received in advance for the 2024-2025 school year have been classified as deferred revenues. Likewise, all awards requested as a result of 2023-2024 expenditures have been classified as receivables. Revenues of the Special Revenue Fund are considered earned when reimbursed expenditures are made or obligations are incurred, and of equal amount.

Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as unearned revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures – On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position as an expense with a like amount reported as donated commodities revenue. Unused donated commodities are reported as deferred revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation, are not recognized in governmental funds.

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued:

#### **Property Taxes**

Property tax revenues – Property taxes are levied each September on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, for all real and personal property in the county. The billings are considered due upon receipt by the taxpayer; however, the actual date is based on a period ending 60 days after tax bill mailing. Property taxes collected are recorded as revenues in the fiscal year for which they were levied. All taxes collected are initially deposited into the General Fund and then transferred to the appropriate fund.

The property tax rates assessed for the year ended June 30, 2024, to finance the General Fund operations were \$.672 per \$100 valuation for real property, \$.674 per \$100 valuation for business personal property and \$.492 per \$100 valuation for motor vehicles.

The following is the District's property tax calendar:

#### **Date Event**

January 1, year of levy
November 1, year of levy
November 30, year of levy
December 31, year of levy
January 1, following year
February 1, following year

Assessment date
Taxes levied
2% discount allowed
Gross amount due
Delinquent date, 5% penalty added
21% penalty added

The District levies a utility gross receipts license tax in the amount of 3% of the gross receipts derived from the furnishings, within the county, of telephonic and telegraphic communications services, cablevision services, electric power, water and natural, artificial and mixed gas.

#### Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the Government-wide Statement of Net Position, but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the Government-wide Statement of Net Position and in the respective funds.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of five thousand dollars. Improvements are capitalized; the cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add value to the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued:

#### Capital Assets, Concluded

All reported capital assets are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives for both general capital assets and proprietary fund assets:

Description	Estimated Lives
Buildings and improvements	25-50 years
Land improvements	20 years
Technology equipment	5 years
Vehicles	5-10 years
Audio-visual equipment	15 years
Food service	10-12 years
Furniture and fixtures	7 years
Rolling stock	15 years
Other	10 years

#### Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "Interfund receivables/payables". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statements of net position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-like activities, which are presented as internal balances.

#### **Compensated Absences**

The District's policies regarding sick leave permit employees to accumulate earned but unused sick leave. Upon retirement from the school system, an employee will receive from the District an amount equal to 30% of the value of accumulated sick leave. Personnel cannot exceed 300 days of sick leave.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination payment method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is based on the School District's past experience of making termination payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide statements. The balance is estimated as if employees had twenty-seven years of service and eligible for retirement as of June 30, 2024. The current portion is the portion that is allocable to employees who have twenty-seven years of service or more, or have reached eligible retirement age.

For governmental fund financial statements, the current portion of unpaid accrued sick leave is the amount expected to be paid using the expendable available resources. These amounts are recorded in the general fund. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported and no portion is allocated to the Proprietary Fund.

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued:

#### **Budgetary Process**

Budgetary Basis of Accounting: The District's budgetary process accounts for certain transactions on a basis other than Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). The major differences between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis are:

Revenues are recorded when received in cash (Budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (Budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

Once the budget is approved, it can be amended. Amendments are presented to the Board at their regular meetings. Per Board policy, only amendments that aggregate greater than \$50,000 require Board approval. Such amendments made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board, and are not made after fiscal year-end as dictated by law.

Each budget is prepared and controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. All budget appropriations lapse at year-end.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District considers demand deposits, money market funds, and other investments with an original maturity of 90 days or less, to be cash equivalents.

#### Inventories

The only inventory maintained by the District consists of expendable supplies held for consumption and is accounted for in the Proprietary Fund. Inventory consists of donated and purchased foods held for resale and are expensed when used. Purchased food is valued at cost (first-in, first-out method) and U.S. Government donated commodities value is determined by the U.S. Department of Agriculture.

#### **Prepaid Assets**

Payments made that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2024 are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

#### 1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Concluded:</u>

#### Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the Government-wide Financial Statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, claims and judgments, the noncurrent portion of capital leases, accumulated sick leave, contractually required pension contributions and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they will be paid with current, expendable, available financial resources. In general, payments made within sixty days after year-end are considered to have been made with current available financial resources. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due.

#### Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the District, those revenues are primarily charges for meals provided by the various schools and for childcare services provided.

#### Contributions of Capital

Contributions of capital in proprietary fund financial statements arise from outside contributions of fixed assets, or from grants or outside contribution of resources restricted to capital acquisition and construction.

#### **Donated Commodities**

The fair value of donated commodities received during the year is reported in the Proprietary Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Net Position as an expense and as donated commodities revenue (nonoperating revenue).

# Pensions and Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and net OPEB asset and liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous ("CERS") and Teachers Retirement System of the State of Kentucky ("KTRS") and additions to/deductions from fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pensions. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### 2. Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the District's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets, liabilities, fund balances and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### 3. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources:

The District adopted GASB No. 63 and in addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and thus, will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District has deferred outflows associated with their pension and OPEB liabilities totaling \$10,072,534. Also, deferred savings on refinancing of bonds of \$401,690 net of accumulated amortization of \$1,515,151 qualifies for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has deferred inflows relating to net pension and OPEB liabilities totaling \$11,958,863 that qualify for reporting in this category.

#### 4. Cash Deposits and Investments:

At year end, the carrying amount of the District's total cash equivalents was \$37,209,139. These amounts were covered by Federal Depository Insurance or by securities pledged by the financial institution. (General Fund \$11,670,014, Construction Fund \$17,097,968 Proprietary Funds \$5,609,681 and Other Nonmajor Funds of \$2,831,476).

In accordance with GASB No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, the District provides this additional disclosure regarding the fair value of its investments. The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles.

#### Level 1

Quoted prices (unadjusted) in an active market for identical assets or liabilities that the District has the ability to access at the measurement date.

#### Level 2

Inputs other than quoted market prices included in Level 1 that are directly or indirectly observable for the asset or liability.

#### Level 3

Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability used to measure fair value that rely on the District's own assumptions about the market participant's assumptions that may be used in pricing the asset or liability.

#### 4. Cash Deposits and Investments, Concluded:

The valuation methodologies described above may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable values or reflective of future fair values. Furthermore, while the District believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with those of other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date.

The District has \$1,363,294 associated with bonds for debt service:

	Level 1			
Type	Fair Values			
Government Securities	\$ 1,363,294			
Total	<u>\$ 1,363,294</u>			

<u>Credit Risk</u> – Credit Risk the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. More specifically, custodial risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. All investments held by the District are insured or collateralized with securities held by the District or by the financial institution in the District's name. As a means of managing the District's exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates, the District primarily purchases investments with a maturity of less than three months. No investments in Money Market Accounts or Certificates of Deposit were in excess of federally insured limits.

#### Concentration of Credit Risk

The District's investment policy places no limit on the amount the District may invest in any one issuer.

#### Capital Assets:

#### Construction in Progress:

At June 30, 2024, the District had a balance of \$10,456,539 in Construction in Progress. This balance is associated with Barren County High School renovations. The construction project was 45% complete as of June 30, 2024.

# 5. <u>Capital Assets, Concluded:</u>

Capital assets activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	July 1, 2023	Additions	Disposals	June 30, 2024
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets, not being Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 3,490,166	\$ 505,907	\$ -	\$ 3,996,073
Construction in Progress	2,795,016	10,163,843	(2,502,320)	10,456,539
Total Capital Assets, not being Depreciated	6,285,182	10,669,750	(2,502,320)	14,452,612
Capital Assets, being Depreciated:				
Buildings & Equipment & Improvements	119,447,074	2,409,529	(58,000)	121,798,603
Technology Equipment	2,129,130	15,432	(36,163)	2,108,399
Vehicles	7,619,400	852,239	(1,041,114)	7,430,525
General Equipment	20,254,458	222,951	(22,327)	20,455,082
Total Capital Assets, being Depreciated	149,450,062	3,500,151	(1,157,604)	151,792,609
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings & Equipment & Improvements	(43,782,466)	(2,331,694)	25,520	(46,088,640)
Technology Equipment	(1,202,812)	(273,828)	36,163	(1,440,477)
Vehicles	(5,563,610)	(476,414)	986,635	(5,053,389)
General Equipment	(4,578,418)	(1,804,154)	22,186	(6,360,386)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(55,127,306)	(4,886,090)	1,070,504	(58,942,892)
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets - Net	<u>\$100,607,938</u>	\$ 9,283,811	\$ (2,589,420)	\$107,302,329
Proprietary Activities				
Capital Assets, being Depreciated:				
Buildings & Equipment	\$ 7,322,067	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,322,067
Vehicles	59,980	-	-	59,980
General Equipment	1,963,972	16,059	(56,885)	1,923,146
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated	9,346,019	16,059	(56,885)	9,305,193
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				-
Buildings & Equipment	(3,644,912)	(130,228)	-	(3,775,140)
Vehicles	(38,439)	(10,576)	-	(49,015)
General Equipment	(1,897,065)	(18,525)	56,885	(1,858,705)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(5,580,416)	(159,329)	56,885	(5,682,860)
Proprietary Activities				
Capital Assets - Net	\$ 3,765,603	<u>\$ (143,270)</u>	\$ -	\$ 3,622,333

Depreciation expense was not allocated to governmental functions. It appears on the statement of activities as "unallocated".

#### 6. Bonded Debt:

The original amount of the issue, the issue dates and interest rates are summarized below:

lssue	Or	iginal Amount	Maturity Date	Interest Rates
Issue of 2011 QZAB	\$	2,000,000	September 1, 2028	4.75%
Issue of 2012 (Refunding of 2004)	\$	11,620,000	August 1, 2024	3.8% - 5.0%
Issue of 2014	\$	1,615,000	August 1, 2034	1.0% - 4.0%
Issue of 2015 (Refunding of 2006)	\$	8,525,000	August 1, 2026	5.00%
Issue of 2015	\$	2,715,000	February 1, 2034	3.0% - 3.375%
Issue of 2016 (Refunding of 2008B)	\$	7,875,000	September 1, 2028	2.0% - 3.0%
Issue of 2016 (Refunding 2008 Energy)	\$	1,255,000	September 1, 2028	2.0% - 3.0%
Issue of 2016 (Refunding 2008A)	\$	910,000	April 1, 2028	1.3 - 3.0%
Issue of 2017	\$	14,395,000	April 1, 2037	3.0 - 3.625%
Issue of 2020 (Refunding 2010C)	\$	1,370,000	December 1, 2030	1.0 - 2.5%
Issue of 2020 (Refunding 2011)	\$	1,955,000	September 1, 2031	.5 - 2.0%
Issue of 2020 Energy Conservation	\$	14,365,000	October 1, 2040	.9 - 2.05%
Issue of 2021	\$	9,930,000	March 1, 2041	1.75 - 2.0%
Issue of 2021 Taxable Series	\$	335,000	March 1, 2025	2.0%
Issue of 2022	\$	2,030,000	December 1, 2039	3.15 - 4.0%
Issue of 2023	\$	24,080,000	November 1, 2043	4.16 - 5.0%

The District, through the General Fund (including utility taxes and the Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Capital Outlay Fund) is obligated to make lease payments in amounts sufficient to satisfy debt service requirements on bonds issued by the Barren County Fiscal Court to construct school facilities. The District has an option to purchase the property under lease at any time by retiring the bonds then outstanding.

In August 2011, the Board approved issuance of Qualified Zone Academy Bonds in the amount of \$2,000,000. The bonds were also issued to finance the construction for the expansion at the Barren County High School as well as the ROTC facility.

In February 2012, the Board approved the issuance of refunding revenue bonds in the amount of \$11,620,000. The proceeds were used to call the remainder of the outstanding bonds of the issue of 2004.

In June 2014, the Board approved the issuance of school building revenue bonds, Series 2014, in the amount of \$1,615,000. The bonds were issued to finance the renovation of the Barren County High School Media Center.

## 6. Bonded Debt, Continued:

In February 2015, the Board approved the issuance of refunding revenue bonds in the amount of \$8,525,000. The bonds were used to call the remainder of the outstanding bonds of the issue of 2006.

In December 2015, the Board approved the issuance of revenue bonds, Series 2015, in the amount of \$2,715,000. The bonds were issued to finance the renovation of Red Cross Elementary.

In March 2016, the Board approved the issuance of refunding revenue bonds in the amount of \$1,255,000. The bonds were used to call the remainder of the outstanding bonds of the issue of the 2008 Energy Bonds. This reissuance produced a savings \$58,224 to be amortized over the life of the new bonds.

In March 2016, the Board approved the issuance of refunding revenue bonds in the amount of \$7,875,000. The bonds were used to call the remainder of the outstanding bonds of the issue of 2008B. This reissuance produced a savings \$563,788 to be amortized over the life of the new bonds.

In August 2016, the Board approved the issuance of refunding revenue bonds in the amount of \$910,000. The bonds were used to call the remainder of the outstanding bonds of the issue of 2008A. This reissuance produced a savings of \$54,836 to be amortized over the life of the new bonds.

In March 2017, the Board approved the issuance of revenue bonds in the amount of \$14,395,000. The bonds were issued to finance the construction of a Career and Technical Education Center and replacement of the athletic field at Barren County High School.

In October 2020, the Board approved the issuance of refunding revenue bonds in the amount of \$1,370,000. The bonds were used to call the remainder of the outstanding bonds of the issue of 2010C. This reissuance produced a savings of \$238,704 to be amortized over the life of the new bonds.

In October 2020, the Board approved the issuance of refunding revenue bonds in the amount of \$1,955,000. The bonds were used to call the remainder of the outstanding bonds of the issue of 2011. This reissuance produced a savings of \$180,609 to be amortized over the life of the new bonds.

In October 2020, the Board approved the issuance of revenue bonds in the amount of \$14,365,000. The bonds were used to finance energy conservation measures to various facilities within the District.

In February 2021, the Board approved the issuance of revenue bonds in the amount of \$9,930,000 and \$335,000. The bonds were issued to finance the construction of a new preschool building and central office.

In December 2022, the Board approved the issuance of revenue bonds in the amounts of \$2,030,000. The bonds were issued to finance the construction of a new soccer field.

In October 2023, the Board approved the issuance of revenue bonds in the amounts of \$24,080,000. The bonds were issued to finance renovations to Barren County High School.

## 6. Bonded Debt, Continued:

In 1991, the District entered into "participation agreements" with the Kentucky School Facility Construction Commission. The Commission was created by Kentucky General Assembly for the purpose of assisting local school districts in meeting school construction needs. The District also entered into "participation agreements" with the Internal Revenue Service (IRS). Section 54A of the Internal Revenue Code provide rules for the issuance and use of qualified tax credit bonds for qualified zone academy bonds, QZAB. The table below sets forth the amount to be paid by the District as well as the Commission and IRS for each year until maturity of all bond issues. The liability for the total bond amount remains with the District and as such, the total principal outstanding has been recorded in the financial statements.

In fiscal year 2024, due to the United States federal government budget sequestration, the District was responsible for an additional payment of \$1,643 for the 2011 QZAB Bond issue.

The bonds may be called prior to maturity and redemption premiums are specified in each issue. Assuming no bonds are called prior to scheduled maturity, the minimum obligations of the District, including amounts to be paid by the Commission and IRS, at June 30, 2024, for debt service (principal and interest) are as follows:

Year	Principal	Interest	Participation	District's Portion
2024-25	4,390,000	2,836,230	582,751	6,643,479
2025-26	4,445,000	2,687,222	565,571	6,566,651
2026-27	4,585,000	2,522,226	533,961	6,573,265
2027-28	4,610,000	2,395,793	411,520	6,594,273
2028-29	6,750,000	2,215,172	355,313	8,609,859
2029-30	4,775,000	2,052,209	274,915	6,552,294
2030-31	4,915,000	1,909,816	260,964	6,563,852
2031-32	5,030,000	1,758,336	210,662	6,577,674
2032-33	4,795,000	1,564,349	210,662	6,148,687
2033-34	4,940,000	1,432,349	210,663	6,161,686
2034-35	5,065,000	1,295,968	184,201	6,176,767
2035-36	5,140,000	1,154,253	102,623	6,191,630
2036-37	5,305,000	1,045,180	99,848	6,250,332
2037-38	3,190,000	856,406	38,487	4,007,919
2038-39	3,330,000	731,341	38,488	4,022,853
2039-40	3,485,000	593,174	38,487	4,039,687
2040-41	3,650,000	446,684	38,487	4,058,197
2041-42	3,165,000	289,125	27,799	3,426,326
2042-43	2,055,000	158,625	27,799	2,185,826
2043-44	2,145,000	53,625	18,872	2,179,753
	\$ 85,765,000	\$ 27,998,083	\$ 4,232,073	\$ 109,531,010

## 6. <u>Bonded Debt, Concluded</u>:

Long-term debt activities for the year ended June 30, 2024, are as follows:

	Balance		Debt Payments	Balance	Amount Due
	June 30, 2023	Additions	and Reductions	June 30, 2024	Within One Year
Series 2011 QZAB	2,000,000	-	-	2,000,000	-
Series 2012 (Ref 2004)	3,405,000	-	1,685,000	1,720,000	1,720,000
Series 2014	1,070,000	-	75,000	995,000	80,000
Series 2015 Ref 06	6,000,000	-	1,190,000	4,810,000	1,250,000
Series 2015	2,620,000	-	20,000	2,600,000	25,000
Series 2016 Ref 08B	6,210,000	-	465,000	5,745,000	475,000
Series 2016 Ref 08 Energy	870,000	-	125,000	745,000	130,000
Series 2016 Ref 08A	615,000	-	65,000	550,000	65,000
Series 2017	14,065,000	-	60,000	14,005,000	60,000
Series 2020 Ref 2010C	1,245,000	-	55,000	1,190,000	55,000
Series 2020 Ref 2011	1,850,000	-	85,000	1,765,000	90,000
Series 2020 ECM	13,865,000	-	245,000	13,620,000	260,000
Series 2021	9,900,000	-	15,000	9,885,000	15,000
Series 2021 Taxable	175,000	-	90,000	85,000	85,000
Series 2022	2,030,000	-	60,000	1,970,000	65,000
Series 2023		24,080,000		24,080,000	15,000
Total Bonds	65,920,000	24,080,000	4,235,000	85,765,000	4,390,000
Bond premiums/discounts	574,358	463,342	183,078	854,622	153,687
Total bonds, net with premium	\$ 66,494,358	\$24,543,342	\$ 4,418,078	\$ 86,619,622	\$ 4,543,687

## 7. Financing Lease Obligations:

The following is an analysis of the leased property under financing leases by class:

Olass of Duamants		ok Value as of	
Class of Property	June 30, 2024		
Vehicles, at cost	\$	3,223,866	
Accumulated Depreciation		(1,623,506)	
Net Book Value	\$	1.600.360	

## 7. Financing Lease Obligations, Concluded:

The following is a schedule by years of the future minimum lease payments under financing leases together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2024:

Year Ending	Financ	ing Lease	Financing	Lease	Total F	inancing
<u>June 30</u>	<u>Pri</u>	ncipal	<u>Intere</u>	<u>st</u>	Lease F	ayments
2025	\$	315,375	\$	47,308	\$	362,683
2026		257,244		39,069		296,313
2027		237,568		32,379		269,947
2028		198,003		26,186		224,189
2029		196,204		20,976		217,180
Thereafter		498,515		34,395		532,910
Totals	\$	1,702,909	\$ 2	200,313	\$	1,903,222

## 8. Right of Use:

The District has entered into various leases for software and technology equipment. The leases expire at various dates depending on the date of delivery of the assets and the term of the leases. As of June 30, 2024, The District had a right of use asset with a balance of \$254,296 in the governmental funds as well as a current right of use liability of \$94,142 and a noncurrent right of use liability of \$160,154. The implicit rate of interest is 0% per annum. Also included in the monthly lease payments are various management fees and maintenance charges. The maturities of these right of use assets as of June 30, 2024, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Lea	se Payable
2025	\$	94,142
2026		88,267
2027		66,358
2028		5,529
Total Minimum Lease Payments		254,296
Less: Amount representing interest		-
Present Value of Net Minimum Lease Payments	\$	254,296

## 9. Accumulated Unpaid Sick Leave Benefits:

Accrued sick leave is payable upon retirement at 30% of the value of the accumulated sick leave. In accordance with GAAP, the District has recorded approximately \$2.7 million in accrued sick leave liability in the District-Wide Statement of Net Position. Of the \$2.7 million, \$1.06 million is associated with employees that have met the retirement eligibility and is reflected in the District Wide Statement of Net Position as the current portion. Additionally, the Governmental Fund Balance sheet reflects the current portion of accrued sick leave \$23,660 in accounts payable. This amount is anticipated to be funded with current year's economic financial resources and is the District's amount associated with employees that have notified the District of retirement within the next year.

## 10. Retirement Plans:

The District's employees are provided with two pension plans, based on each position's college degree requirement. The County Employees Retirement System (CERS) covers employees whose position does not require a college degree or teaching certification. The Kentucky Teachers Retirement System (KTRS) covers positions requiring teaching certification or otherwise requiring a college degree.

## General information about the County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous ("CERS")

Plan description—Employees whose positions do not require a degree beyond a high school diploma are covered by the CERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Kentucky Retirement System, an agency of the Commonwealth of Kentucky. Under the provisions of the Kentucky Revised Statute ("KRS") Section 61.645, the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement System administers CERS and has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions. The Kentucky Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for CERS. That report may be obtained from <a href="http://kyret.ky.gov/">http://kyret.ky.gov/</a>.

Benefits provided—CERS provides retirement, health insurance, death and disability benefits to Plan employees and beneficiaries. Employees are vested in the plan after five years' service. For retirement purposes, employees are grouped into three tiers, based on hire date:

Tier 1	Participation date Unreduced retirement Reduced retirement	Before September 1, 2008 27 years of service or 65 years old At least 5 years service and 55 years old At least 25 years of service and any age
Tier 2	Participation date Unreduced retirement	September 1, 2008-December 31, 2013 At least 5 years service and 65 years old Or age 57+ and sum of service years plus age equal 87
	Reduced retirement	At least 10 years service and 60 years old
Tier 3	Participation date Unreduced retirement	After December 31, 2013 At least 5 years service and 65 years old Or age 57+ and sum of service years plus age equal 87
	Reduced retirement	Not available

Cost of living adjustments are provided at the discretion of the General Assembly. Retirement is based on a factor of the number of years' service and hire date multiplied by the average of the highest five years' earnings. Reduced benefits are based on factors of both of these components. Participating employees become eligible to receive the health insurance benefit after at least 180 months of service. Death benefits are provided for both death after retirement and death prior to retirement. Death benefits after retirement are \$5,000 in lump sum. Five years' service is required for death benefits prior to retirement and the employee must have suffered a duty-related death. The decedent's beneficiary will receive the higher or the normal death benefit and \$10,000 plus 75% of the decedent's average rate of pay and any dependent child will receive 50% of the decedent's average rate of pay up to 75% for three dependent children. Five years' service is required for nonservice related disability benefits.

## 9. Retirement Plans, Continued:

House Bill 506 passed during the 2023 legislative session and reinstated the Partial Lump Sum Option Form of payment for members who retire on and after January 1, 2024, and adjusted the minimum required separation period before a retiree may become reemployed and continue to receive their retirement allowance to one month for all circumstances.

There have been no other plan provision changes that would materially impact the total pension liability since June 30, 2022.

Contributions—Required contributions by the employee are based on the tier:

	Required Contribution	
Tier 1	5%	
Tier 2	5% + 1% for insurance	

Tier 2 5% + 1% for insurance Tier 3 5% + 1% for insurance

## General information about the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky ("KTRS")

Plan description—Teaching certified employees of the District and other employees whose positions require at least a college degree are provided pensions through the Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (KTRS)—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the Commonwealth. KTRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the KRS. KTRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. KTRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <a href="http://www.ktrs.ky.gov/05\_publications/index.htm">http://www.ktrs.ky.gov/05\_publications/index.htm</a>.

Benefits provided—For employees who have established an account in a retirement system administered by the Commonwealth prior to July 1, 2008, employees become vested when they complete five (5) years of credited service. To qualify for monthly retirement benefits, payable for life, employees must either:

- 1.) Attain age fifty-five (55) and complete five (5) years of Kentucky service, or
- 2.) Complete 27 years of Kentucky service.

Employees that retire before age 60 with less than 27 years of service receive reduced retirement benefits. Non-university employees with an account established prior to July 1, 2002 receive monthly payments equal to 2.0% (service prior to July 1, 1983) and 2.5% (service after July 1, 1983) of their final average salaries for each year of credited service. New employees (including second retirement accounts) after July 1, 2002 will receive monthly benefits equal to 2% of their final average salary for each year of service if, upon retirement, their total service is less than ten years. New employees after July 1, 2002 who retire with ten or more years of total service will receive monthly benefits equal to 2.5% of their final average salary for each year of service, including the first ten years. In addition, employees who retire July 1, 2004 and later with more than 30 years of service will have their multiplier increased for all years over 30 from 2.5% to 3.0% to be used in their benefit calculation. Effective July 1, 2008, the System has been amended to change the benefit structure for employees hired on or after that date.

## 9. Retirement Plans, Continued:

Final average salary is defined as the member's five (5) highest annual salaries for those with less than 27 years of service. Employees at least age 55 with 27 or more years of service may use their three (3) highest annual salaries to compute the final average salary. KTRS also provides disability benefits for vested employees at the rate of sixty (60) percent of the final average salary. A life insurance benefit, payable upon the death of a member, is \$2,000 for active contributing employees and \$5,000 for retired or disabled employees.

Cost of living increases are one and one-half (1.5) percent annually. Additional ad hoc increases and any other benefit amendments must be authorized by the General Assembly.

Contributions—Contribution rates are established by Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). Non-university employees are required to contribute 12.855% of their salaries to the plan for fiscal year ending June 30, 2024 and 2023. This applies to employees hired prior to July 1, 2008 and those hired afterwards. The District's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 for KTRS was 16.105% for employees hired prior to July 1, 2008 and those hired afterwards.

The CERS non-hazardous pension contribution rate for the employer was 23.34% and 23.40% of annual compensation for years ended June 30, 2024, and 2023, respectively. Employees hired before July 1, 2008 are required to contribute 5% of their salary and employees hired after that date are required to contribute 6%.

The Commonwealth of Kentucky, as a non-employer contributing entity, pays matching contributions at the rate of 13.105% of salaries for local school districts and regional cooperative employees hired before July 1, 2008 and 14.105% for those hired after July 1, 2008. If an employee leaves covered employment before accumulating five (5) years of credited service, accumulated employee pension contributions plus interest are refunded to the employee upon the member's request.

## Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2024, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for CERS. The District did not report a liability for the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for KTRS because the Commonwealth of Kentucky provides the pension support directly to KTRS on behalf of the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related Commonwealth support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the CERS net pension liability	\$ 17,170,320
Commonwealth's proportionate share of KTRS net pension liability associated with the District	 108,700,017
	\$ 125,870,337

## 9. Retirement Plans, Continued:

The total pension liability, net pension liability and sensitivity information was based on an actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2022. The total pension liability was rolled-forward from the valuation date to the plan's fiscal year end using generally accepted actuarial principles.

The District's proportion of the net pension liability for CERS was based on the actual liability of the employees and former employees relative to the total liability of the System as determined by the actuary. At June 30, 2023, the District's proportion was 0.267596%.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized pension expense/(income) of (\$1,434,593) related to CERS.

At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Difference between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the liability	\$ 888,874	\$	46,657	
Changes in assumptions	-		1,573,672	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	1,854,881		1,622,932	
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	92,466		-	
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 2,060,898		<u> </u>	
	\$ 4,897,119	\$	3,243,261	

The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Net Deferred		
Year ended June 30	O	utflows/Inflows	
2025	\$	(624,125)	
2026		383,311	
2027		(166,226)	
2028		-	
2029			
Total	\$	(407,040)	

## 9. Retirement Plans, Continued:

Actuarial assumptions—The total pension liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	<u>CERS</u>	<b>KTRS</b>
Inflation	2.50%	2.50%
Projected Salary Increases	3.3-11.55%	3-7.5%
Investment rate of return, net of investment		
expense and inflation	6.50%	7.10%

Mortality assumptions: Pre-retirement mortality uses PUB-2010 General Mortality table, for the nonhazardous systems, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2020 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010. Post-retirement mortality (non-disabled) uses system specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2022, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2020 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2023. Post-retirement mortality (disabled) uses PUB-2010 disabled mortality table, with rates multiplied by 150% for both male and female rates, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2020 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010. These mortality assumptions were adopted in 2023.

For KTRS, mortality rates were based on the Pub2010 (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set-forwards, set-backs and adjustments for each of the groups; service retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees and active members. The actuarial assumptions used were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ending June 30, 2020, adopted by the board on September 20, 2021. The Municipal Bond Index Rate used for this purpose is the June average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index.

Long term rate of return: For CERS, the long-term (10-year) expected return were determined by using a building block method in which best estimated ranges of expected future real rates of return were developed for each asset class. The ranges were combined by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage.

For KTRS, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

## 9. Retirement Plans, Continued:

Assumed Asset Allocation--The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by CERS and KTRS's investment consultants, are summarized in the following table:

_	CERS		KTRS		
		Long-Term		Long-Term	
	Target	Expected Real	Target	Expected Real	
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return	Allocation	Rate of Return	
Public Equity	50.00%	5.90%	59.00%	5.53%	
Private Equity	10.00%	11.73%	7.00%	8.00%	
Core Fixed Income	10.00%	2.45%	15.00%	1.90%	
Specialty Credit	10.00%	3.65%	0.00%	0.00%	
Cash	0.00%	1.39%	2.00%	1.60%	
Real Estate	7.00%	4.99%	7.00%	3.20%	
Real Return	13.00%	5.15%	0.00%	0.00%	
High Yield Bonds	0.00%	0.00%	5.00%	3.80%	
Other Additional Categories	0.00%	0.00%	<u>5.00%</u>	3.60%	
Total	<u>100.00%</u>		<u>100.00%</u>		

Discount rate—For CERS, the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the single discount rate must include an assumption regarding the actual employer contributions made each future year. Except where noted, the future contributions are projected assuming that each participating employer in KRS contributes the actuarially determined employer contribution rate each future year calculated in accordance with the current funding policy.

For KTRS, the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and the employer contributions will be made at actuarially determined contribution rates for all future fiscal years. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

### 9. Retirement Plans, Concluded:

Sensitivity Analysis for CERS—The following table presents the net pension liability of the District, calculated using the discount rates selected by each pension system, as well as what the District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	Current Discount				
	1% Decrease		<u>Rate</u>		1% Increase
CERS	5.50%		6.50%		7.50%
District's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 21,678,566	\$	17,170,320	\$	13,423,798

A one percent decrease and a one percent increase for the KTRS proportionate share of the net pension liability is not shown because the Commonwealth of Kentucky provides the pension support directly to KTRS on behalf of the District.

Pension plan fiduciary net position—Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial reports of both CERS and KTRS. The effect of the net pension liability on the District's net position has been determined on the same basis used by Kentucky Retirement Systems.

Total payroll subject to CERS and KTRS were approximately \$9,126,683 and \$27,263,743 respectively. Pension and OPEB contributions paid by the District for CERS employees total \$2,060,898. Pension and OPEB contributions withheld from the employees totaled \$494,253.

The District also offers employees the option to participate in a defined contribution plan under Section 403(B), 401(K) and 457 of the Internal Revenue Code. All regular full-time and part-time employees are eligible to participate and may contribute up to the maximum amount allowable by law. The District does not contribute to these plans. For the year ended June 30, 2024, employees contributed approximately \$357,656 to the plans.

### 11. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

## General information about the County Employees Retirement System (CERS) OPEB plans:

Plan Description: The County Employee Retirement System (CERS) covers classified employees whose position does not require a college degree or teaching certification. CERS health insurance benefits are subject to various participation dates to determine eligibility and health insurance contribution rates. CERS is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan administered by the Kentucky Retirement System, an agency of the Commonwealth of Kentucky. Under the provisions of KRS 61.645, the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirements Systems administers CERS and has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions. The Kentucky Retirements System issues a stand-alone financial report, which may be obtained from Kentucky Retirement System, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, Kentucky, 40601 or on-line at www.kyret.ky.gov.

10. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB), Continued:

## General information about the Kentucky Teachers Retirement System (KTRS) OPEB plans:

Plan description – Teaching-certified employees of the Kentucky School District are provided OPEBs through the Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (KTRS)—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the state. TRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). KTRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. KTRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at https://trs.ky.gov/financial-reports-information.

The state reports a liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and expense as a result of its statutory requirement to contribute to the KTRS Medical Insurance and Life Insurance Plans.

#### Medical Insurance Plan - CERS

Plan Description—The Kentucky Retirement Systems' Insurance Fund is a cost sharing multipleemployer defined benefit Other Post-Employment Benefit plan for members that cover all regular fulltime members employed in non-hazardous and hazardous duty positions of any state departments, board, agency, county, school board, and any additional eligible local agencies electing to participate.

Funding policy—In order to fund the post-retirement healthcare benefit, six percent (6%) of the gross annual payroll of employees before July 1, 2008 is contributed. Three percent (3%) is paid by member contributions and three quarters percent (.75%) from Commonwealth appropriation and two and one quarter percent (2.25%) from the employer. Also, the premiums collected from retirees as described in the plan description and investment interest help meet the medical expenses of the plan

Benefits Provided—The plan was established to provide hospital and medical insurance for eligible members receiving benefits from KERS, CERS, and SPRS. OPEB may be extended to beneficiaries of plan members under certain circumstances. The eligible non-Medicare retirees are covered by the Department of Employee Insurance (DEI) plans. KRS submits the premium payments to DEI. The Board contracts with Humana to provide health care benefits to the eligible Medicare retirees through a Medicare Advantage Plan.

Assumptions and plan provisions: The Board of Trustees adopted new actuarial assumptions on May 9, 2023. These assumptions are documented in the report titled "2022 Actuarial Experiences Study for the Period Ending June 30, 2022". Additionally, the single discount rates used to calculate the total OPEB liability within each plan changed since the prior year.

House Bill 506 passed during the 2023 legislative session and reinstated the Partial Lump Sum Option Form of payment for members who retire on and after January 1, 2024, and adjusted the minimum required separation period before a retiree may become reemployed and continue to receive their retirement allowance to one month for all circumstances.

There have been no other plan provision changes that would materially impact the total OPEB liability since June 30, 2022.

## 10. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB), Continued:

## Medical Insurance Plan - CERS, Concluded

Once members reach a minimum vesting period of 10 years, non-hazardous employees whose participation began on or after July 1, 2003, earn \$10 per month for insurance benefits at retirement for every year of earned service without regard to a maximum dollar amount. This dollar amount is subject to adjustment annually, which is currently 1.5%, based upon Kentucky Revised Statutes. See the chart below for current values for Dollar Contribution. This benefit is not protected under the inviolable contract provisions of Kentucky Revised Statutes 16.652, 61.692 and 78.52. The Kentucky General Assembly reserves the right to suspend or reduce this benefit if, in its judgment, the welfare of the Commonwealth so demands.

The amount of contribution paid by the Insurance Fund is based on years of service. For members participating prior to July 1, 2003, years of service and respective percentages of the maximum contribution are as follows:

Dollar Contribution for	Fiscal Year 2023	Portion Paid by	Portion Paid by Insurance Fund				
For Member participation date	on or after July 1, 2003						
			% Paid by				
<u>System</u>	(in whole dollars)	Years of service	Insurance Fund				
KERS Non-hazardous	\$ 14.20	20+ years	100.00%				
KERS Hazardous	\$ 21.30	15-19 years	75.00%				
CERS Non-hazardous	\$ 14.20	10-14 years	50.00%				
CERS Hazardous	\$ 21.30	4-9 years	25.00%				
SPRS	\$ 21.30	Less than 4 years	0.00%				

The projection of cash flows used to determine the single discount rate must include an assumption regarding the actual employer contributions made each future year. The future contributions are projected assuming that each participating employer in KRS contributes the actuarially determined employer contribution rate each future year calculated in accordance with the current funding policy. The fully insured premiums KRS pays for the CERS health insurance plans are blended rates based on the combined experience of active and retired members. Because the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 is higher than the average cost of providing it to active employees, there is an implicit employer subsidy for the non-Medicare eligible retirees.

Based on the stated assumptions and the projection of cash flows as of each fiscal year ending, the plan's fiduciary net position and future contributions were projected to be sufficient to finance the future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on insurance plan investments was applied to all periods of the projected benefit payments paid from the retirement plan. However, the cost associated with the implicit subsidy is not currently being included in the calculation of the System's actuarial determined contributions, and it is understood that any cost associated with the implicit subsidy will not be paid out of the Plan's trust. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to future expected benefit payments associated with the implicit subsidy. The distributions from the retiree health insurance trust pay the employers' portion of the blended premiums, not the employers' portion of the underlying retiree claims costs. As a result, the benefit payments and contribution amounts need to include an adjustment related to the implicit subsidy. Participating employers adjust their contributions by the implicit subsidy in order to determine the total employer contribution for GASB 75 purposes.

## 10. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB), Continued:

#### Medical Insurance Plan - KTRS

Plan description—In addition to the pension benefits described above, KRS 161.675 requires KTRS to provide post-employment healthcare benefits to eligible employees and dependents. The KTRS Medical Insurance Fund is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan. Changes made to the medical plan may be made by the KTRS Board of Trustees, the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance and the General Assembly.

Benefits provided—To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability. The KTRS Medical Insurance Fund offers coverage to employees under the age of 65 through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. KTRS retired members are given a supplement to be used for payment of their health insurance premium. The amount of the member's supplement is based on a contribution supplement table approved by the KTRS Board of Trustees. The retired member pays premiums in excess of the monthly supplement. Once retired members and eligible spouses attain age 65 and are Medicare eligible, coverage is obtained through the KTRS Medicare Eligible Health Plan.

Contributions—The member postemployment medical contribution is 3.75% of salary. The employer postemployment medical contribution is .75% of member salaries. Also, employers (other than the state) contribute 3% of members' salaries and the state contributes the net cost of health insurance premiums for new retirees after June 30, 2010 in the non-Medicare eligible group. If a member leaves covered employment before accumulating five years credited service, accumulated member contributions to the retirement annuity plan plus interest are refunded upon the member's request.

### Life Insurance Plan - KTRS

Plan description – KTRS administers the life insurance plan as provided by Kentucky Revised Statute 161.655 to eligible active and retired members. The KTRS Life Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes made to the life insurance plan may be made by the KTRS Board of Trustees and the General Assembly.

Benefits provided – KTRS provides a life insurance benefit of five thousand dollars payable for members who retire based on service or disability. KTRS provides a life insurance benefit of two thousand dollars payable for its active contributing members who began contributing before January 1, 2022. For members who entered on or after January 1, 2022, the life insurance benefit payable upon the death of a member is five thousand dollars for active contributing members and ten thousand dollars for retired or disable members. The life insurance benefit is payable upon the death of the member to the member's estate or to a party designated by the member.

Contributions – In order to fund the post-retirement life insurance benefit, three hundredths of one percent (.03%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed by the state.

## 10. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB), Continued:

## OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2024, the District reported an OPEB asset of \$369,447 for CERS, a liability of \$8,177,000 for KTRS Medical Insurance Plan and \$0 for KTRS Life Insurance Plan for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The District did not report a liability for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability for the Life Insurance Plan because the Commonwealth provides OPEB support directly to KTRS on behalf of the District. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the collective net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial value as of June 30, 2022. At June 30, 2023, the District's proportionate share was .267586% for CERS, .335730% for KTRS Medical Insurance plan and 0% for KTRS Life Insurance Plan.

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability for CERS and KTRS, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the CERS net OPEB medical asset	\$ (369,447)
District's proportionate share of the KTRS net OPEB medical liability	8,177,000
Commonwealth's proportionate share of KTRS net OPEB liability associated with the District - Medical and Life	 7,063,000
	\$ 14,870,553

As a result of its requirement to contribute to the Plan, the District recognized OPEB expense/(income) of (\$1,384,982) for CERS. For KTRS Medical Insurance Plan the District recognized OPEB expense/(income) of (\$1,067,392). At June 30, 2024 the District reported deferred inflows and deferred outflows of resources related to the net OPEB liability from the following sources:

	CERS			KTRS				
	Deferred Outflows			Deferred Inflows		Deferred Outflows		erred Inflows
	01	Resources	01	Resources	of Resources		of Resources	
Difference between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the OPEB liability	\$	257,561	\$	3,981,469	\$	-	\$	1,504,190
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on OPEB investments		727,046		506,678		1,008,763		-
Changes in assumptions and other inputs		691,409		777,148		83,023		-
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		99,144		129,368		1,520,469		1,816,749
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date of the OPEB liability		120,671				667,329		<u>-</u>
	\$	1,895,831	\$	5,394,663	\$	3,279,584	\$	3,320,939

## 10. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB), Continued:

The deferred outflows resulting from the District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in expense as follows:

		Net Deferred Outflows/(Inflows)							
		CERS		KTRS					
2025	\$	(1,459,915)	\$	(247,985)					
2026		(1,151,358)		(209,458)					
2027		(1,008,230)		58,605					
2028		-		14,109					
2029		-		(148,140)					
Thereafter	-			(175,815)					
Total	\$	(3,619,503)	\$	(708,684)					

Actuarial Assumptions: The total OPEB liability, net OPEB liability and sensitivity information are based on an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022. The total OPEB liability was rolled-forward from the valuation date to the plan's fiscal year end, June 30, 2023 using generally accepted actuarial principles.

CERS					
Inflation	2.50%				
Payroll Growth Rate	2.0% for CERS non-hazardous and hazardous				
Salary Increase	3.30% to 10.30%, varies by service				
Investment Rate of Return	6.50%				
Healthcare Trend Pre-65	Initial trend starting at 6.3% at January 1, 2023 and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 13 years.				
Healthcare Trend Post-65	Initial trend starting at 6.3% at January 1, 2023 and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 13 years.				

## 10. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB), Continued:

Actuarial assumptions, continued:

	KTRS
Investment Rate of Return:	
Medical Insurance Plan	7.1%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation
Life Insurance Plan	7.1%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation
Projected salary increases: Medical Insurance Plan Life Insurance Plan	3.0-7.5%, including wage inflation 3.0-7.5% including wage inflation
Inflation	
Medical Insurance Plan Life Insurance Plan	2.50% 2.50%
Real wage growth	0.25%, for both Medical and Life Insurance Plans.
Wage inflation	
Medical Insurance Plan	2.75%, for both Medical and Life Insurance Plans.
Healthcare cost trend rates: Healthcare Trend Pre-65	6.75% for fiscal year 2023 decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.5% by fiscal year 2032
Healthcare Trend Post-65	6.5% for fiscal year 2023 decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.5% by fiscal year 2031
Medicare Part B Premiums	1.55% for fiscal year 2023 with ultimate rate of 4.5% by 2034
Municipal Bond Index Rate	3.66%, for both Medical and Life Insurance Plans.
Discount Rate	
Medical Insurance Plan	7.10%
Life Insurance Plan	7.10%
Single equivalent interest rate:	
Medical Insurance Plan	7.1%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation
Life Insurance Plan	7.1%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation

For CERS, mortality rates were based on system-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2022, projected with the ultimate trend rates from MP 2020 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2023.

## 10. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB), Continued:

For KTRS, Mortality rates were based on the Pub2010 (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set-forwards, set-backs and adjustments for each of the groups; service, retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees and active members. The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, withdrawal, rates of plan participation and rates of plan election used in the June 30, 2021, valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience study for the system, which covered the five-year period ending June 30, 2020, adopted by the board on September 20, 2021. The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends) used in the June 30, 2021, valuation of the health trust were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2021, valuation. The health care cost trend rate assumption was updated for the June 30, 2021, valuation and was shown as an assumption change in the total OPEB liability (TOL) roll-forward while the change in initial per capita claims costs were included with experience in the TOL roll-forward. The Municipal Bond Index Rate used for this purpose is the June average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index published weekly by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

Long-term expected rate of return: For CERS was determined by using a building-block method in which the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rate of returns are developed for each asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage percentage.

Long-term expected rate of return: For KTRS, was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rate of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

-	CE	RS	KT	RS
		Long-term		Long-term
		Expected		Expected
	Target	Real Rate	Target	Real Rate
Asset Class	<b>Allocation</b>	of Return	<b>Allocation</b>	of Return
Public Equity	50.00%	5.90%	59.00%	5.53%
Private Equity	10.00%	11.73%	7.00%	8.00%
Core Fixed Income	10.00%	2.45%	15.00%	1.90%
Specialty Credit	10.00%	3.65%	0.00%	0.00%
Cash	0.00%	1.39%	2.00%	1.60%
Real Estate	7.00%	4.99%	7.00%	3.20%
Real Return	13.00%	5.15%	0.00%	0.00%
High Yield Bonds	0.00%	0.00%	5.00%	3.80%
Other Additional Categories	0.00%	0.00%	<u>5.00%</u>	3.60%
	<u>100.00%</u>		<u>100.00%</u>	

## 10. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB), Continued:

Discount Rate: For CERS, the single discount rate of 5.93% was used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2023. The single discount rate is based on the expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 6.50% and a municipal bond rate of 3.86% as reported in Fidelity Index's "20 Year Municipal GO AA Index" as of June 30, 2023. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability if it were calculated using a discount rate 1% lower or 1% higher than the current discount rate:

## Sensitivity of the Net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate

	<u>Current</u>						
	<u>1%</u>	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		% Increase	
CERS	4.93%		5.93%		6.93%		
District's proportionate share							
of net OPEB liability	\$	693,311	\$	(369,447)	\$	(1,259,377)	

Discount Rate: For KTRS - Medical Insurance Plan, the single discount rate of 7.1% was used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2023. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and the employer contributions will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability if it were calculated using a discount rate 1% lower or 1% higher than the current discount rate:

## Sensitivity of the Net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate

	1% Decrease	<u>Current</u> Discount Rate	1% Increase		
KTRS	6.10%	7.10%	8.10%		
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$ 10,518,000	\$ 8,177,000	\$ 6,243,000		

Healthcare Trend Rate: For CERS, the initial trend rate for participants under 65 years of age starts at 6.3% at January 1, 2023 and gradually decreases to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 13 years. For those over 65 years of age the trend rate starts at 6.3% at January 1, 2023 and gradually decreases to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 13 years. The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1% lower or 1% higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

## Sensitivity of the Net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rate

	19	% Decrease	<u>Di</u>	Current scount Rate	<u>19</u>	<u> 6 Increase</u>
CERS		4.93%		5.93%		6.93%
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$	(1,184,142)	\$	(369,447)	\$	631,329

## 10. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB), Concluded:

Healthcare Trend Rate: For KTRS, the initial trend rate for participants starts at 6.5% and gradually decreases to an ultimate trend rate of 4.5% by 2031. Medicare Part B premiums start at 1.55% with an ultimate rate of 4.5% by 2034. The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1% lower or 1% higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rate

	Current  1% Decrease Discount Rate					1% Increase		
KTRS		6.10%		7.10%		8.10%		
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$	5,887,000	\$	8,177,000	\$	11,029,000		

*OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position*: For both CERS and KTRS, detailed information about the Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued KRS and KTRS issued financial statements.

## 11. COBRA:

Under COBRA, employers are mandated to notify terminated employees of available continuing insurance coverage. Failure to comply with this requirement may put the District at risk for a substantial loss (contingency).

## 12. Litigation:

The District is subject to various legal actions in various stages of litigation, the outcome of which is not determined at this time. Management of the District and its legal counsel do not anticipate that there will be any material effect on the combined financial statements as a result of the cases presently in progress.

#### 13. Contingencies:

The District receives funding from Federal, State and Local government agencies and private contributions. These funds are to be used for designated purposes only. For governmental agency grants, if based upon the grantor's review, the funds are considered not to have been used for the intended purpose, the grantors may request a refund of monies advanced, or refuse to reimburse the District for its disbursements. The amount of such future refunds and unreimbursed disbursements, if any, is not expected to be significant. Continuation of the District's grant programs is predicated upon the grantors' satisfaction that the funds provided are being spent as intended and the grantor's intent to continue their programs.

In addition, the District operates in a heavily regulated environment. The operations of the District are subject to the administrative directive, rules and regulations of federal and state regulatory agencies, including, but not limited to, the U.S. Department of Education and the Kentucky Department of Education. Such administrative directives, rules and regulations are subject to change by an act of Congress or the Kentucky Legislature or an administrative change mandated by the Kentucky Department of Education. Such changes may occur with little or inadequate funding to pay for the related costs, including the additional burden to comply with change.

## 14. Transfer of Funds:

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Payments made from the general fund checking account, which may or may not have the legal liability for the expenditure, may cause a receivable in the general fund and a payable from the fund having the legal liability to pay the expenditure at such time. All interfund receivables and payables have been eliminated on the District-wide Statement of Net Position. The following transfers were made during the year:

From Fund	To Fund	<u>Purpose</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Capital Outlay	Debt Service	Debt	\$ 453,621
Building	General	Facilities	707,605
Building	Construction	Facilities	1,776,003
Building	Debt Service	Debt	5,709,262
Special Revenue	General	Program Share	454,857
Debt Service	Construction	Facilities	23,971,084
Construction	General	Facilities	290,895
Construction	Building Fund	Terminated Const. Project	403,375
General	Special Revenue	KETS Match	91,775
General	Construction	Facilities	4,559
General	District Activity	Operations	 61,116
Total Government	al Funds Transfers		\$ 33,924,152
Food Service	General	Indirect Cost Allocation	\$ 295,851
Total Proprietary t	ransfers	\$ 295,851	

At June 30, 2024, interfund balances were as follows:

Receivable Fund	<u>Payable Fund</u>	<u>Amount</u>
General Fund	Special Revenue	\$ 750,940

## 15. Deficit Current Year Net Change in Operating Balances:

The deficit of expenses over revenues in the Proprietary Fund was primarily the result of a change the in the allocated pension costs and increased payroll costs. The deficit of expenditures over receipts in the Student Fund of \$60,138 occurred from normal operations. The deficit of expenditures over receipts of \$866,720 in the Building Fund occurred as excess revenues remained in this fund in the prior year.

Food Service Fund	\$ 930,821
Building Fund	\$ 866,720
Student Activity Fund	\$ 60.138

## 16. On-Behalf Payments:

During the year ended June 30, 2024, the Kentucky Division of Finance made payments on-behalf of Barren County Board of Education in the amount of \$14,742,263. These payments were paid for fringe benefits and retirement for the District personnel. These payments have been included in both revenue and expenditures on the District's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2024 as follows:

Health Insurance	\$	7,675,838
KTRS Employer Match - Pension		6,538,436
KTRS Employer Match - Health		553,152
Health Reimbursement Account		237,913
State Adminstration Fees		72,904
Life Insurance		9,135
Federal Reimbursement on Health Benefits		(950,654)
Technology		126,179
School Facilities Construction Commission Debt Service		479,360
	\$	14,742,263
Decembed as fallows		
Recorded as follows:	_	
General Fund	\$	13,615,964
Food Service Fund		646,939
Debt Service		479,360
	\$	14,742,263

## 17. Subsequent Events:

Management has evaluated subsequent events through November 6, 2024, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.



# BARREN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

				Variance with Final Budget
	Budgeted		A atrial	Favorable
Dougouses	Original	Final	Actual	(Unfavorable)
Revenues:				
From local sources:				
Taxes:	¢ 0.244.700	¢ 0 444 700	<u></u>	Φ (ΔΕ EO1)
Property  Motor vehicles	\$ 9,214,788 1,500,000	\$ 9,114,788	\$ 9,069,287	\$ (45,501) 110,961
Utilities	2,010,000	1,500,000 1,810,000	1,610,961	•
	850,000	1,418,804	1,951,086	141,086
Earnings on investments Other local revenues	224,500	224,500	1,418,804 307,363	82,863
	21,316,388	35,025,400	35,021,242	
Intergovernmental-state Intergovernmental-direct federal	250,000	250,000	269,913	(4,158) 19,913
_				
Total revenues	35,365,676	49,343,492	49,648,656	305,164
Expenditures:	10.070.000	00 704 700	00 004 070	222 722
Instruction	19,879,889	29,701,768	29,064,978	636,790
Support services:	050 740	4 470 045	4 500 004	(54.000)
Student	959,746	1,476,245	1,528,081	(51,836)
Instructional staff	874,358	1,236,925	1,176,728	60,197
District administration	1,688,722	2,014,741	1,847,881	166,860
School administration	2,553,751	3,694,581	3,658,546	36,035
Business	1,147,289	1,726,705	1,656,164	70,541
Plant operations and maintenance	5,574,963	6,104,425	5,699,060	405,365
Student transportation	3,573,727	4,196,260	4,002,988	193,272
Contingency	9,514,624	9,943,754	-	9,943,754
Facilities acquisition and construction and other	494,762	494,762	444,751	50,011
Total expenditures	46,261,831	60,590,166	49,079,177	11,510,989
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures	(10,896,155)	<u>(11,246,674</u> )	569,479	11,816,153
Other financing sources (uses):				
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	5,000	5,000	35,224	30,224
Transfer from Proprietary Fund	682,398	682,398	295,851	(386,547)
Operating transfers in	830,145	1,180,665	1,453,357	272,692
Operating transfers out	(181,387)	(181,387)	(157,450)	23,937
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,336,156	1,686,676	1,626,982	(59,694)
Excess (deficit) of revenues and other				
financing sources over expenditures				
and other financing uses	(9,559,999)	(9,559,998)	2,196,461	11,756,459
Fund balance, July 1, 2023	10,526,900	10,526,900	10,526,900	
Fund balance, June 30, 2024	\$ 966,901	\$ 966,902	\$12,723,361	\$ 11,756,459

# BARREN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL –SPECIAL REVENUE FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Dudgeted	Amounto		Variance with Final Budget Favorable
	Budgeted Original	Final	Actual	(Unfavorable)
Revenues:	Original	FIIIdI	Actual	(Offiavorable)
From local sources:				
Other local revenues	\$ -	\$ 11,884	\$ 51,005	\$ 39,121
Intergovernmental-state	3,170,955	3,417,096	3,582,998	165,902
Intergovernmental-indirect federal	5,495,215	5,613,362	11,035,422	5,422,060
Total revenues	8,666,170	9,042,342	14,669,425	5,627,083
Expenditures:				
Instruction	7,473,140	7,791,574	12,339,512	(4,547,938)
Student	18,474	18,474	291,948	(273,474)
Instructional staff	-	-	853,476	(853,476)
District administration	295,000	345,025	350,025	(5,000)
School administration	-	-	-	-
Plant operations and maintenance	-	-	29,697	(29,697)
Student transportation	-	-	-	-
Facilities and construction	-	-	998	(998)
Community service activities	428,158	428,158	440,687	(12,529)
Total expenditures	8,214,772	8,583,231	14,306,343	(5,723,112)
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures	451,398	459,111	363,082	(96,029)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Operating transfers in	100,000	100,000	91,775	(8,225)
Operating transfers out	(551,398)	(544,941)	(454,857)	90,084
Total other financing sources (uses)	(451,398)	(444,941)	(363,082)	81,859
Excess (deficit) of revenues and other				
financing sources over expenditures				
and other financing uses	-	14,170	-	(14,170)
Fund balance, July 1, 2023				
Fund balance, June 30, 2024	<u> </u>	<u>\$ 14,170</u>	\$ -	<u>\$ (14,170)</u>

## BARREN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY – COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM For the Years Ended June 30

	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015
District's portion of the net pension liability	0.26760%	0.26599%	0.26557%	0.25255%	0.26951%	0.28295%	0.29425%	0.28615%	0.26488%	0.26891%
District's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 17,170,320	\$ 19,228,453	\$ 16,931,852	\$ 19,370,606	\$ 18,954,618	\$ 17,232,274	\$ 17,223,416	\$ 14,088,873	\$ 11,388,723	\$ 8,724,323
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 9,126,683	\$ 8,106,245	\$ 8,052,997	\$ 7,527,355	\$ 7,206,657	\$ 7,666,563	\$ 7,707,145	\$ 7,191,649	\$ 6,852,749	\$ 6,182,552
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	188.13%	237.21%	210.26%	257.34%	263.02%	224.77%	223.47%	195.91%	166.19%	141.11%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	57.48%	52.42%	57.33%	47.81%	50.45%	53.54%	53.30%	55.50%	59.97%	66.80%

## BARREN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY – KENTUCKY TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM For the Years Ended June 30

	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015
District's portion of the net pension liability	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
District's proportionate share of net pension liability	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	0.638%	0.646%	0.639%	0.638%	0.649%	0.641%	0.654%	0.305%	0.340%	0.640%
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	\$ 108,700,017	\$ 109,448,207	\$ 83,178,401	\$ 90,373,242	\$ 88,479,501	\$ 83,990,972	\$176,519,224	\$190,758,318	\$144,010,124	<u>\$131,876,868</u>
Total	\$ 108,700,017	\$ 109,448,207	\$ 83,178,401	\$ 90,373,242	\$ 88,479,501	\$ 83,990,972	<u>\$176,519,224</u>	<u>\$190,758,318</u>	<u>\$144,010,124</u>	\$131,876,868
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 27,263,743	\$ 25,913,438	\$ 25,436,636	\$ 23,114,300	\$ 22,575,430	\$ 22,251,944	\$ 21,954,337	\$ 21,873,576	\$ 21,500,165	\$ 20,218,658
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of the District's covered-employee payroll	398.70%	422.36%	327.00%	390.98%	391.93%	377.45%	804.03%	872.09%	669.81%	652.25%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	57.70%	56.40%	65.60%	58.30%	58.80%	59.30%	39.83%	35.22%	42.49%	45.59%

## BARREN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS – COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM For the Years Ended June 30

	<u>J</u>	une 30, 2024	<u>J</u>	une 30, 2023	J	lune 30, 2022	<u>J</u>	lune 30, 2021	<u>J</u>	une 30, 2020	J	lune 30, 2019	<u>J</u>	une 30, 2018	J	une 30, 2017	<u>J</u>	une 30, 2016	<u>Ju</u>	une 30, 2015
Contractually required contribution	\$	2,060,898	\$	1,845,206	\$	1,575,297	\$	1,325,648	\$	1,183,743	\$	1,106,709	\$	1,015,097	\$	1,343,400	\$	1,169,079	\$	1,092,457
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	_	(2,060,898)	_	(1,845,206)	_	(1,575,297)	_	(1,325,648)	_	(1,183,743)		(1,106,709)		(1,015,097)		(1,343,400)	_	(1,169,079)	_	(1,092,457)
	\$		<u>\$</u>	-	\$		<u>\$</u>		\$		\$		\$		\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	9,126,683	\$	8,106,245	\$	8,052,997	\$	7,527,355	\$	7,206,657	\$	7,666,563	\$	7,707,145	\$	7,191,649	\$	6,852,749	\$	6,182,552
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll		22.58%		22.76%		19.56%		17.61%		16.43%		14.44%		13.17%		18.68%		17.06%		17.67%

## BARREN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS – KENTUCKY TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM For the Years Ended June 30

	<u>J</u> u	ıne 30, 202	4	June 30, 2023	_	June 30, 2022	<u>J</u>	June 30, 2021	J	une 30, 2020	<u>J</u>	lune 30, 2019	Jı	une 30, 2018	<u>J</u> ı	une 30, 2017	<u>J</u> ι	une 30, 2016	<u>J</u> u	une 30, 2015
Contractually required contribution	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution				<u> </u>	_	<u> </u>	_		_		_		_		_	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>
	\$	-	<u></u> §	-	\$		\$		\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	<u>-</u>	\$	-
District's covered-employee payroll		27,263,743	3	25,913,438		25,436,636		23,114,300		22,575,430		22,251,944		21,954,337		21,873,576		21,500,165		20,218,658
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll		0.009	%	0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%

## BARREN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY – COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM For the Years Ended June 30

	<u>Ju</u>	ne 30, 2024	<u>Ju</u>	ne 30, 2023	<u>Ju</u>	ne 30, 2022	<u>Ju</u>	ine 30, 2021	<u>Ju</u>	ne 30, 2020	<u>Ju</u>	ine 30, 2019	<u>Ju</u>	ine 30, 2018
District's portion of the net OPEB liability		0.26759%		0.26594%		0.26550%		0.25258%		0.27038%		0.28294%		0.29425%
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability (asset)	\$	(369,447)	\$	5,248,441	\$	5,082,903	\$	6,099,039	\$	4,547,636	\$	5,023,472	\$	5,915,452
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	9,126,683	\$	8,106,245	\$	8,052,997	\$	7,527,355	\$	7,206,657	\$	7,666,563	\$	7,707,145
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		-4.05%		64.75%		63.12%		81.02%		63.10%		65.52%		76.75%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		104.23%		60.95%		62.91%		51.67%		60.44%		57.62%		52.40%

<sup>\*\*</sup> Schedule is intended to show information for ten years.

Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

## BARREN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY – KENTUCKY TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM For the Years Ended June 30

	<u>Ju</u>	ne 30, 2024	<u>J</u> u	ine 30, 2023	<u>Ju</u>	ıne 30, 2022	<u>Ju</u>	ine 30, 2021	<u>Ju</u>	ne 30, 2020	<u>Ju</u>	ne 30, 2019	<u>Jur</u>	ne 30, 2018
District's portion of the net OPEB liability Medical Insurance Life Insurance		0.33573% 0.00000%		0.46778% 0.00000%		0.34257% 0.00000%		0.34341% 0.00000%		0.34733% 0.00000%		0.33283% 0.00000%		0.34742% 0.00000%
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability Medical Insurance Life Insurance	\$ \$	8,177,000	\$	11,613,000 -	\$	7,351,000	\$	8,667,000 -	\$	10,165,000 -	\$ \$	11,548,000 -	\$ 1 \$	2,388,000
Commonwealth's portion of the net OPEB liability associated with the District  Medical Insurance  Life Insurance		0.28297% 0.60436%		0.15367% 0.61016%		0.27821% 0.60688%		0.27509% 0.60479%		0.28049% 0.61379%		0.28683% 0.60556%		0.28379% 0.61684%
Commonwealth's porportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District Medical Insurance Life Insurance	\$	6,892,000 171,000	\$ \$	3,815,000 190,000	\$	5,970,000 79,000	\$	6,943,000 210,000	\$	8,209,000 191,000	\$	9,952,000 171,000	\$ 1 \$	0,119,000 135,000
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	27,263,743	\$	25,913,438	\$	25,436,636	\$	23,114,300	\$	22,575,430	\$	22,251,944	\$ 2	21,954,337
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		29.99%		44.81%		28.90%		37.50%		45.03%		51.90%		56.43%
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of the District's covered-employee payroll		25.91%		15.46%		23.78%		30.95%		37.21%		45.49%		46.71%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		53.00%		47.80%		51.70%		39.10%		32.58%		25.54%		21.18%

<sup>\*\*</sup> Schedule is intended to show information for ten years.

Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

## BARREN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS – COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM For the Years Ended June 30

	<u>June</u>	30, 2024	<u>Jur</u>	ne 30, 2023	<u>Ju</u>	ne 30, 2022	<u>Ju</u>	ne 30, 2021	<u>Ju</u>	<u>ne 30, 2020</u>	<u>Ju</u>	ne 30, 2019	<u>Jur</u>	ne 30, 2018
Contractually required contribution	\$	-	\$	267,318	\$	430,100	\$	331,412	\$	394,581	\$	368,903	\$	338,366
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution			_	(267,318)		(430,100)		(331,412)		(394,581)	_	(368,903)		(338,366)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$</u>	-	\$	<u>-</u>	\$		<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>		\$	-	\$	<u>-</u>
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 9,	126,683	\$	8,106,245	\$	8,052,997	\$	7,527,355	\$	7,206,657	\$	7,666,563	\$	7,707,145
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll		0.00%		3.30%		5.34%		4.40%		5.48%		4.81%		4.39%

<sup>\*\*</sup>Schedule is intended to show information for ten years.

Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

## BARREN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS – KENTUCKY TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM For the Years Ended June 30

	<u>Jun</u>	e 30, 2024	<u>Jun</u>	ne 30, 2023	<u>Jun</u>	e 30, 2022	<u>June</u>	30, 2021	<u>Jun</u>	e 30, 2020	<u>Jun</u>	ne 30, 2019	<u>Jun</u>	e 30, 2018
Contractually required contribution  Medical Insurance  Life Insurance	\$	667,329	\$	636,221	\$	620,678 -	\$	607,919 -	\$	606,458 -	\$	604,788 -	\$	592,874 -
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution  Medical Insurance  Life Insurance		(667,329)		(636,221) <u>-</u>		(620,678)		(607,919) 		(606,458) <u>-</u>		(604,788) <u>-</u>		(592,874)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$</u>	-	<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>		\$	<u>-</u>	<u>\$</u>		\$		<u>\$</u>	
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 2	7,263,743	\$2	5,913,438	\$2	5,436,636	\$ 23	,114,300	\$2	2,575,430	\$2	2,251,944	\$2	1,954,337
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll		2.45%		2.46%		2.44%		2.63%		2.69%		2.72%		2.70%

<sup>\*\*</sup>Schedule is intended to show information for ten years.

Additional years will be displayed as they become available.



## BARREN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2024

	District	Student		Seek Capital		Total Nonmajor
	Activity Fund	Activity Fund	Student Fund	Outlay Fund	Building Fund	Governmental Funds
Assets and resources:		_				
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts Receivable	\$ 1,866,397 3,413	\$ 534,170 	\$ 6,905 	\$ 629 	\$ 423,375 	\$ 2,831,476 3,413
Total Assets and Resources	\$ 1,869,810	\$ 534,170	\$ 6,905	\$ 629	\$ 423,375	\$ 2,834,889
Liabilities and fund balance: Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$ 848	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 848
Total Liabilities	848					848
Fund balances: Restricted - Other Restricted - Purchase Obligations	- 1,868,962	- 534,170	- 6,905	629	423,375	424,004 2,410,037
Total fund balances	1,868,962	534,170	6,905	629	423,375	2,834,041
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 1,869,810	\$ 534,170	\$ 6,905	\$ 629	\$ 423,375	\$ 2,834,889

## BARREN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	District Activity	Student Activity Fund	Student Fund	Seek Capital Outlay Fund	Building Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues:						_
From local sources:						
Taxes:						
Property	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,303,000	\$ 3,303,000
Other	916,455	1,550,780	925	-	-	2,468,160
Intergovernmental-state	543,830		<u> </u>	454,250	3,619,775	4,617,855
Total revenues	1,460,285	1,550,780	925	454,250	6,922,775	10,389,015
Expenditures:						
Instruction	1,116,544	1,610,918	-	-	_	2,727,462
Business	-	-	764	-	-	764
Total expenditures	1,116,544	1,610,918	764			2,728,226
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures	343,741	(60,138)	161	454,250	6,922,775	7,660,789
Other financing sources (uses):						
Operating transfers in	61,116	-	-	-	403,375	464,491
Operating transfers out	-	-	-	(453,621)	(8,192,870)	(8,646,491)
Total other financing sources (uses)	61,116			(453,621)	(7,789,495)	(8,182,000)
Not Changes in Fund Polones	404.057	(00.400)	404	600	(000 700)	(504.044)
Net Changes in Fund Balances	404,857	(60,138)	161	629	(866,720)	(521,211)
Fund balance, July 1, 2023	1,464,105	594,308	6,744	<del></del>	1,290,095	3,355,252
Fund balance, June 30, 2024	\$ 1,868,962	\$ 534,170	\$ 6,905	<u>\$ 629</u>	\$ 423,375	\$ 2,834,041

# BARREN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND FUND BALANCES – BARREN COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Cash Balance June 30, 2023	Receipts	<u>Disbursements</u>	Cash Balance June 30, 2024	Accounts <u>Receivable</u>	Accounts Payable	Fund Balance June 30, 2024
ACADEMIC TEAM	1,657		142	1,515	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,515
AGRICULTURE	2,075	-	736	1,339			1,339
AG SHOP	950	5,334	2,214	4,070	-	-	4,070
ALTERNATIVE FRESHMAN	1,583	197	-	1,780	-	-	1,780
AP EXAM	4,670	6,508	7,186	3,992	-	-	3,992
ART	533	-	-	533	-	-	533
ATHLETIC	37,186	130,897	148,872	19,211	-	-	19,211
BAND	7,086	38,852	41,636	4,302	-	-	4,302
TROJANS BASS FISHING CLUB BASEBALL	140	1,500	920	720	-	-	720 2,253
BETA CLUB	4,940 7,197	3,812 90,467	6,499 89,544	2,253 8,120	-	-	8,120
BEST BUDDIES	60	535	524	71	_	_	71
BCHS BOWLING	1,125	1,000	(70)	2,195	_	_	2,195
BOYS BASKETBALL	6,878	24,503	27,684	3,697	_	_	3,697
BROADCASTING	157	275	432	-	_	-	-
BUSINESS	257	1,375	1,531	101	-	-	101
CHEERLEADERS	35,523	88,490	95,686	28,327	-	-	28,327
CROSS COUNTRY	121	3,155	1,241	2,035	-	-	2,035
DANCE TEAM	267	9,344	8,644	967	-	-	967
DRAMA OF BARREN BEYOND THE BELI	614	11,584	6,571	5,627	-	-	5,627
FBLA	4,845	10,795	12,255	3,385	-	-	3,385
FCA	44	-	-	44	-	-	44
FCCLA	523	615	1,075	63	-	-	63
FLOWER FUND	91	205	213	83	-	-	83
FFA FUNDS FOR TEACHERS/VENDING	17,373	95,586	94,256 1,827	18,703 1,862	-	-	18,703 1,862
FMD 1	1,758 12	1,931	1,027	1,002	-	-	1,002
FMD 2	195	7	202	12	_	-	12
FOOTBALL	2,063	23,062	24,708	417	_	_	417
FOREIGN LANGUAGE	359	580	126	813	_	-	813
GENERAL	16,154	25,682	37,467	4,369	-	-	4,369
GIRLS BASKETBALL	5,700	18,025	22,612	1,113	-	-	1,113
GIRLS GOLF	6,314	15,292	15,018	6,588	-	-	6,588
GOLF, BOYS	52	10,750	9,520	1,282	-	-	1,282
GREENHOUSE	11,995	16,646	9,812	18,829	-	-	18,829
GREEN TEAM	265	-	109	156	-	-	156
HELP DESK	75	-	-	75	-	-	75
JUNIORS	17,176	25,657	30,354	12,479	-	-	12,479
JROTC LIBRARY FUND	3,910 1,021	4,601 100	4,712	3,799 1,121	-	-	3,799 1,121
ORCHESTRA, GUITAR	169	393	200	362	_	-	362
PEP CLUB	460	6,537	5,233	1,764	_	-	1,764
PHYSICAL EDUCATION	620	-	-	620	-	-	620
SADD CHAPTER	651	-	642	9	-	-	9
SCIENCE	8	-	-	8	-	-	8
SENIORS	563	16,615	16,894	284	-	-	284
SOCCER, BOYS	582	2,540	3,106	16	-	-	16
SOCCER, GIRLS	1,624	11,770	9,240	4,154	-	-	4,154
SOCIAL STUDIES CLUB	158	-	158	-	-	-	-
SOFTBALL	13,675 233	14,721	19,337	9,059 352	-	-	9,059 352
TRAVEL CLUB SWIMMING		3,488	3,369		-	-	352 3,154
TENNIS	4,236 645	2,800 1,525	3,882 1,089	3,154 1,081	-	-	1,081
TRACK	5,867	6,675	4,657	7,885	-	-	7,885
TROJAN TREATS CATERING SERVICE	98	5,388	3,564	1,922	-	-	1,922
YSC	400	3,056	2,483	973	_	-	973
VIDEO	20	-	20	-	-	-	-
VOLLEYBALL	3,138	15,001	17,039	1,100	-	-	1,100
Y CLUB	67	2,458	2,265	260	-	-	260
YEARBOOK	17,489	20,064	18,588	18,965	-	-	18,965
THE ZONE	13,899	3,057	6,580	10,376	-	-	10,376
CHORUS	-	8,390	8,390	-	-	-	-
MULTIMEDIA	635	-		635	-	-	635
DISTRICT ACTIVITY	-	30,949	30,869	80	-	-	80
START UP MONEY	-	2,100	2,100	-	-	-	-
GATE MONEY (ATHLETICS)	-	6,324	6,324	-	-	-	-
CHILDREN'S DAY	1,971	2,646	2,720	1,897	-	-	1,897
ESPORTS	593	-	240	353	-	-	353
ARCHERY	859	31,563	28,634	3,788	-	-	3,788
MAGNET TSA	-	1,065 430	645 430	420	-	-	420
		(60,402)	(60,402)	-	_		_
INTERFUND TRANSFERS	271,604	806,515	842,554	235,565	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 235,565
	27 1,004	000,315	042,004	233,303	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	ψ 230,000

<sup>(1)</sup> Included in receipts and disbursements are Inter-fund transfers in the amount of \$60,402

# BARREN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND FUND BALANCES – ALL SCHOOLS ACTIVITY FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	_	Cash Balance ne 30, 2023	Receipts		<u>Disbursements</u>	Cash Balance ine 30, 2024	Accounts <u>Receivable</u>	Accounts <u>Payable</u>		Fund Balance ne 30, 2024
BARREN CO. MIDDLE SCHOOL	\$	70,900	\$ 243,633	\$	247,035	\$ 67,498	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 67,498
AUSTIN-TRACY ELEMENTARY		43,161	72,067		83,499	31,729	-		-	31,729
EASTERN ELEMENTARY		18,927	49,694		53,610	15,011	-		-	15,011
HISEVILLE ELEMENTARY		17,666	45,491		43,427	19,730	-		-	19,730
NORTH JACKSON ELEMENTARY		22,438	109,056		115,000	16,494	-		-	16,494
PARK CITY ELEMENTARY		64,542	47,871		63,993	48,420	-		-	48,420
RED CROSS ELEMENTARY		50,341	154,048		135,374	69,015	-		-	69,015
TEMPLE HILL ELEMENTARY		34,729	49,474		53,495	30,708	-		-	30,708
BARREN COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL		271,604	866,917		902,956	235,565	-		-	235,565
Transfers			(87,471)	_	(87,471)		 		-	 
TOTAL	\$	594,308	\$ 1,550,780	\$	1,610,918	\$ 534,170	\$ <u>-</u>	\$	-	\$ 534,170

(1)

Included in receipts and disbursements are Inter-fund transfers in the amount of \$87,471



# BARREN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

_	-	
	$\alpha$	

	Assistance	Pass-Through		
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through	Listing	Grantor's	Passed Through	Federal
Grantor/Program Title	Number	Number	to subrecipients	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture:				
Passed-through State Department of Education:				
Child Nutrition Cluster				
School Breakfast Program	10.553	7760005-23	\$ -	\$ 323,915
School Breakfast Program	10.553	7760005-24	-	1,634,611
National School Lunch Program	10.555	7750002-24	-	2,641,307
National School Lunch Program	10.555	7750002-23	-	19,218
National School Lunch Program	10.555	9980000-23	-	152,187
Summer Food Program	10.559	7690024-23	-	131,820
Summer Food Program	10.559	7690024-24	-	14,624
Summer Food Program	10.559	7740023-23	-	1,280,525
Summer Food Program	10.559	7740023-24	-	142,952
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program	10.582	7720012-23	-	18,175
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program	10.582	7720012-24	-	153,222
Total Child Nutrition Cluster				6,512,556
Passed-through State Department of Agriculture:				
Food distribution/Commodities	10.051		-	233,864
Child and Adult Care	10.558	7790021-23	-	46,596
Child and Adult Care	10.558	7790021-24	-	225,988
Child and Adult Care	10.558	7800016-23	-	3,243
Child and Adult Care	10.558	7800016-24	-	15,986
State administrative expense	10.560	7700001-22	-	21,438
Total Other Programs				547,115
· ·				
Total Department of Agriculture			<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 7,059,671
U.S. Department of Education:				
Passed-through State Department of Education:				
Special Education Cluster (IDEA)-Cluster				
Special Education	84.027	3810002-22	\$ -	\$ 9,133
Special Education	84.027	3810002-23	-	1,198,490
Special Education	84.027	4910002-21	-	34,158
Special Education Preschool	84.173	4900002-21	_	5,752
Special Education Preschool	84.173	3800002-21	_	192
Special Education Preschool	84.173	3800002-22	_	13,630
Special Education Preschool	84.173	3800002-23	_	8,370
Total Special Education Cluster	- · · · · ·	<b></b>	\$ -	\$ 1,269,725
. J.a. Opodiai Education Cidotoi			<del>*</del>	÷ 1,200,120

# BARREN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS-CONCLUDED For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Passed Through to subrecipients	Federal Expenditures
Title I	84.010	3100002-21	\$ -	\$ 20,393
Title I	84.010	3100002-22	-	278,717
Title I	84.010	3100002-23	-	1,444,819
Title I	84.010	3100202-23	-	134,978
Migrant Education	84.011	3110002-22	-	236,262
Migrant Education	84.011	3110002-23	-	565,980
Career and Technical Education	84.048	3710002-22	-	3,479
Career and Technical Education	84.048	3710002-23	-	36,202
Twenty-First Century	84.287	3400002-21	-	490,000
Twenty-First Century	84.287	3400002-22	-	265,073
Rural Education	84.358	3140002-22	-	52,023
Rural Education	84.358	3140002-23	-	100,860
English Language Acquisition	84.365	3300002-22	-	4,066
English Language Acquisition	84.365	3300002-23	5,226	15,584
Supporting Effective Instruction	84.367	3230002-21	, -	1,238
Supporting Effective Instruction	84.367	3230002-22	_	6,143
Supporting Effective Instruction	84.367	3230002-23	_	241,245
Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424	3420002-21	_	20,076
Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424	3420002-22	_	46,590
Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424	3420002-23	_	53,637
Project Prevent	84.184M	0.20002 20	_	38,739
GEER II Career to Cradle	84.425C		_	13,487
Esser II Calming Space Round 1	84.425D		_	2,263
Esser II	84.425D	4200002-21	_	8,273
KAA Mini Grant	84.425U	S425U210026	_	3,569
American Rescue Plan Act/ESSER	84.425U	4300002-21	_	4,849,008
American Rescue Plan Act/ESSER	84.425U	4300005-21	_	92,404
Deeper Learning	84.425U	4300003-21	_	32,607
Digital Learning Coach	84.425U		_	1,830
Early Learning Bus	84.425U		_	76,605
Teacher Leader Community	84.425U		_	1,889
Homeless Children and Youth II	84.425W	4980001-21	- -	33,022
Total Other Programs	01.120	1000001 21	5,226	9,171,061
Total Other Frograms			5,220	3,171,001
Total US Department of Education			\$ 5,226	<u>\$ 10,440,786</u>
US Department of Health and Human Services				
Child Care and Development Block Grant	93.575		\$ -	\$ 332,057
Child Care and Development Block Grant	93.575		-	208,643
Total US Department of Health and		ces	\$ -	\$ 540,700
·				
Total Federal Assistance			\$ 5,226	\$ 18,041,157

# BARREN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### 1. Basis of Presentation:

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the Barren County Board of Education under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2024. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Barren County Board of Education, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of Barren County Board of Education.

#### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting for proprietary funds and the modified accrual basis of accounting for governmental funds. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

#### 3. Food Distribution:

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received.

#### 4. Indirect Cost Rate:

The District has elected to use indirect cost rate as defined by the grantor in the following programs:

Child Nutrition Cluster
American Rescue Plan Act/ESSER

#### 5. Subrecipients:

Of the federal expenditures presented in the schedule, Barren County Board of Education provided federal awards to the following sub-recipients:

<u>Federal Assistance</u>							
Program Title	<b>Listing Number</b>	Sub Recipient	Amount F	<u>Provided</u>			
English Language Acquisition	84.365	Allen County School District	\$	5,226			

# BARREN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

# I. SUMMARY OF AUDITORS RESULTS

Type of auditor's report issued on whether the finan- accordance with GAAP: Unmodified:	cial stateme	nts audi	ited were p	repared in
Internal Control over financial reporting:				
Material weakness(es) identified?		Yes	X	_No
<ul> <li>Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?</li> </ul>		_Yes	X	_None Reported
Noncompliance material to financial Statements noted?		Yes	X	_No
Federal Awards Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for ma	ajor program	ns: Unm	odified	
Internal Control over major programs:				
Material weakness(es) identified?		Yes	X	_No
<ul> <li>Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?</li> </ul>		_ Yes	X	_None Reported
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?		_ Yes	X	_No
Identification of Major Programs:			Federal Assistanc	e
Federal Grantor/Program Title		<u> </u>	Listing Num	<u>iber</u>
U.S. Department of Education Passed Through Kentucky Department Child Nutrition Cluster	of Education	n:		
National School Breakfast Program			10.553	
National School Lunch Program			10.555	
Summer Food Service Program			10.559	
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program			10.582	
Twenty-First Century			84.287	
Dollar threshold used to distinguish Between type A and type B programs:	\$750,00	0		
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	Х	Yes		No

# BARREN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

### II. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FINDINGS

**Current Year Findings** 

A. None Reported.

#### III. FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

**Current Year Findings** 

A. None Reported.

# BARREN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

### FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS:

II. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FINDINGS

**Prior Year Findings** 

- B. None Reported.
- III. FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Prior Year Findings

B. None Reported.



Cindy L. Greer, CPA R. Brent Billingsley, CPA Ryan A. Mosier, CPA

Skip R. Campbell, CPA = L. Joe Rutledge, CPA = Jenna B. Glass, CPA = Jordan T. Constant, CPA = Lane S. Norris, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Members of the Board of Education Barren County Board of Education Glasgow, Kentucky 42141

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits in the *Kentucky Public School Districts' Audit Contract and Requirements*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Barren County Board of Education as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Barren County Board of Education's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 6, 2024.

# Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Barren County Board of Education's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Barren County Board of Education's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Barren County Board of Education's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Barren County Board of Education's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. In addition, the results of our tests disclosed no instances of material noncompliance of specific state statutes or regulations identified in the Independent Auditor's Contract.

We noted other matters that we reported to management of Barren County Board of Education in a separate letter dated November 6, 2024.

# **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Campbell, Myers & Ratledge, PLLC

Glasgow, Kentucky November 6, 2024 Cindy L. Greer, CPA R. Brent Billingsley, CPA Ryan A. Mosier, CPA

Skip R. Campbell, CPA = L. Joe Rutledge, CPA = Jenna B. Glass, CPA = Jordan T. Constant, CPA = Lane S. Norris, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Members of the Board of Education Barren County Board of Education Glasgow, Kentucky 42141

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Barren County Board of Education's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Barren County Board of Education's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024. Barren County Board of Education's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Barren County Board of Education, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

#### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance); and the requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits in the Kentucky Public School Districts' Audit Contract and Requirements. Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Barren County Board of Education and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Barren County Board of Education's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

## Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Barren County Board of Education's federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Barren County Board of Education's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Barren County Board of Education's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Barren County Board of Education's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Barren County Board of Education's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Barren County Board of Education's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

#### Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that have not been identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Campbell, Myers & Ratledge, PLLC

Glasgow, Kentucky November 6, 2024